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**QUESTION 1**

What is the highest level of a data flow diagram called?

A. Prime level

B. Swim lane

C. Context diagram

D. Rollup diagram

Correct Answer: C

The highest level diagram is a context diagram which represents the entire system.

**QUESTION 2**

What analysis needs to be performed in order to evaluate the effect of change?

A. Competitive

B. Decision

C. Modeling

D. Impact

Correct Answer: D

**QUESTION 3**

Which of the following is a guideline or tool, often provided by third parties, used for defining design options?

A. Future state description

B. Traced requirements

C. Existing solutions

D. Solution scope

Correct Answer: C

Existing Solutions: existing products or services, often third party, that are considered as a component of a design option.

**QUESTION 4**

What of the following represents a typical factor that influences the prioritization of requirements?

A. Scope

B. Impact

C. Value

D. Cost

Correct Answer: D

Basis for prioritization: Benefit, Penalty, Cost, Risk, Dependencies, Time sensitivity, Stability, Regulatory or Policy compliance.

**QUESTION 5**

What does a requirement\\\'s source, priority, and complexity refer to?

A. Attributes

B. Designs

C. Functions

D. Types

Correct Answer: A

**QUESTION 6**

An atomic requirement:

A. is understood independently of other requirements or designs.

B. contains no extraneous or unnecessary content.

C. uses common terminology understood by the audience.

D. aligns with the identified needs of the stakeholders.

Correct Answer: A

**QUESTION 7**

Which type of elicitation involves obtaining information by controlled test?

A. Research

B. Experiment

C. Interview

D. Collaboration

Correct Answer: B

involves identifying information that could not be known without some sort of controlled test.

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**QUESTION 8**

What are the participant roles in reviews?

A. Domain SME, regulator, sponsor, project manager

B. Customer, supplier, end user, business analyst

C. Author, reviewer, facilitator, scribe

D. Approver, administrator, reviewer, tester

Correct Answer: C

Reference: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/roles-and-responsibilities-in-review/

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**QUESTION 9**

What is the optimum group size for brainstorming?

A. It doesn\\\'t matter how many individuals as long as the project manager is included

B. The more individuals the better

C. Six to eight individuals who represent a range of backgrounds

D. A maximum of three individuals with a deep knowledge of the subject

Correct Answer: C

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**QUESTION 10**

One element of the task plan business analysis information management is:

A. complexity and risk.

B. change control process.

C. level of abstraction.

D. decision making authority.

Correct Answer: C

Level of abstraction describes the breadth and depth of the information being provided. Representations of information may range from highly conceptual or summarized to very detailed. In determining how much detail each stakeholder may require as the initiative evolves, consideration is given to the needs of the stakeholders, the complexity of what is being explained, and the importance of the change. Rather than present the same information to all stakeholders, business analysts should present information with appropriate breadth and level of detail based on each stakeholder\'s role. Business analysis information regarding a topic of significant importance or high level of risk is frequently represented in greater detail.

**QUESTION 11**

Which of the following are criteria used to determine quality requirements relationships?

A. Necessity, validate, derive

B. Complexity, stability, status

C. Necessary, consistent, correct

D. Penalty, benefit, cost

Correct Answer: C

**QUESTION 12**

In a use case, which is one of the two commonly used relationships?

A. Inherit

B. Identify

C. Distribute

D. Extend

Correct Answer: D

There are two commonly used relationships between use cases:

Extend: allows for the insertion of additional behavior into a use case. The use case that is being extended must be completely functional in its own right and must not depend on the extending use case for its successful execution. This relationship may be used to show that an alternate flow has been added to an existing use case (representing new requirements). Include: allows for the use case to make use of functionality present in another use case. The included use case does not need to be a complete use case in its own right if it is not directly triggered by an actor. This relationship is most often used either when some shared functionality is required by several use cases or to abstract out a complex piece of logic.

**QUESTION 13**

Who is responsible for discovering, synthesizing, and analyzing information within an enterprise?

A. Project manager

B. Business analyst

C. Programmer

D. Project sponsor

Correct Answer: B

Business analysts are responsible for discovering, synthesizing, and analyzing information from a variety of sources within an enterprise, including tools, processes, documentation, and stakeholders.

**QUESTION 14**

To ensure that "all requirements and designs align to business requirements" is the purpose of which task?

A. Conduct elicitation

B. Verify requirements

C. Validate requirements

D. Assess risks

Correct Answer: C

**QUESTION 15**

In the define design options task, which of the following relates to the identify improvement opportunities element?

A. Assess issues, define risks, confirm elicitation results

B. Create flow diagrams, purchase solutions components, secure resources

C. Increase efficiencies, identify additional capabilities, improve access to information

D. Define change strategy, analyze current state, prioritize requirements

Correct Answer: C

Identify Improvement OpportunitiesWhen proposing design options, a number of opportunities to improve the operation of the business may occur and are compared.Some common examples of opportunities include:

Increase Efficiencies: automate or simplify the work people perform by re-engineering or sharing processes, changing responsibilities, or outsourcing. Automation may also increase consistency of behaviour, reducing the likelihood of different stakeholders performing the same function in distinctly different fashions. Improve Access to Information: provide greater amounts of information to staff who interface directly or indirectly with customers, thereby reducing the need for specialists. Identify Additional Capabilities: highlight capabilities that have the potential to provide future value and can be supported by the solution. These capabilities may not necessarily be of immediate value to the organization (for example, a software application with features the organization anticipates using in the future).

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