## DNDNS-200 ${ }^{\text {Q\&As }}$

Dell Networking Professional Exam

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## QUESTION 1

Refer to the output.

```
router bgp 200
neighbor internal peer-group
neiythbur inlernal femule-as 200
neighbor internal update-source loopback 0
neighbor internal route-map set-med out
neighbor internal filter-list 1 out
neighbor internal filter-list 2 in
neighbor 172.68.232.54 peer-group internal
neighbor 172.68.232.55 peer-group internal
neighbor 172.68.232.56 peer-group internal
neighbor 172.68.232.57 filter-list 3 in
```

According to the partial configuration, which two things have occurred? (Choose two.)
A. All the configured neighbors are in autonomous system 200.
B. Three AS-path filters are applied to each BGP neighbor.
C. The peer group shortens the IBGP configuration.
D. Only the outgoing filters are applied to BGP updates.
E. The peer group shortens the EBGP configuration.

Correct Answer: AC

## QUESTION 2

By default, how often are Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDUs) sent with reference to 802.1 w ?
A. every 15 seconds
B. every 2 seconds
C. every 5 seconds
D. every 30 seconds

Correct Answer: B

## QUESTION 3

Which three cabling items should be considered when stacking N4000 Series switches? (Choose three.)
A. Use interfaces with the same bandwidth between stack members.
B. Use a cascade topology for redundancy between stack members.
C. A QSFP+ breakout cable cannot be used for stacking between members.
D. Ports from an installed expansion module are not supported with stacking.
E. A QSFP+ port should be counted as a single port when used for stacking.
F. Up to eight ports may be used on any switch for stacking purposes.

Correct Answer: AEF

## QUESTION 4

## Al Exhibit 1

Switch 1 Output:
Dell1\#show vlan
Codes: * - Default VLAN, G - GVRP VLANs, R - Remote Port Mirroring VLANs,
P - Primary, C - Community, I - Isolated, O - Openflow
Q: U - Untagged, $T$ - Tagged
x - Dot1x untagged, $x$ - Dot1x tagged
o - OpenFlow untagged, 0 - OpenFlow tagged
G - GVRP tagged, M - Vlan-stack, H - VSN tagged
i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged
v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged

| NUM | Status | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Active | Q Ports |
| 22 | Inactive | U Te 0/13,21 |
| 30 | Inactive |  |
|  |  | T Te $0 / 21$ |
| 100 | Inactive | U Te $0 / 12$ |
|  |  | T Te $0 / 20$ |

Dell1\#Show interfaces switchport te $0 / 13$
Codes: U - Untagged, T - Tagged
x - Dot1x untagged, $\mathbf{X}$ - Dot1x tagged
G - GVRP tagged, M - Trunk, H - VSN tagged
i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged,
v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged

Name: TenGigabitEthernet 0/13
802.1QTagged: False

Vlan membership:
Q Vlans
U 1

## A1 Exhibit 2

Switch 2 Output:
Dell2\#show vlan
Codes: * - Default VLAN, G - GVRP VLANs, R - Remote Port Mirroring VLANs, P - Primary, C - Community, I - Isolated, O - Openflow
Q: U - Untagged, $T$ - Tagged
x - Dot1x untagged, $x$ - Dot1x tagged
o - OpenFlow untagged, 0 - OpenFlow tagged
G - GVRP tagged, M - Vlan-stack, H - VSN tagged
i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged
v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged

| NUM | Status | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | Active |  |
| 30 | Inactive |  |
| Q Ports  <br> 100 Inactive | U Te 0/1-32, 43 |  |
| 1017 | Active |  |
|  |  |  |
| Te $0 / 44$ |  |  |

Dell2\#Show interfaces switchport te 0/43
Codes: U - Untagged, T - Tagged
x - Dot1x untagged, $\mathbf{x}$ - Dot1x tagged
G - GVRP tagged, M - Trunk, H - VSN tagged
i - Internal untagged, I - Internal tagged,
v - VLT untagged, V - VLT tagged
Name: TenGigabitEthernet 0/43
802.1QTagged: False

Vlan membership:
Q Vlans
U 10

Refer to the exhibits of the S-Series switch.
A networking engineer is unable to pass traffic across interface port 13 and 43 for Dell1 and Dell2 S-Series switches, respectively.

Based on the exhibit, what is the problem with the configuration for the switches?
A. There is a native VLAN mismatch.
B. Port 13 needs to be tagged to pass traffic.
C. 802.1 w protocol needs to be disabled for both ports.
D. Port 43 needs to be tagged to pass traffic.

Correct Answer: A

## QUESTION 5

## A Exhibit

```
Switchl# show wlt bxief
VLT Domain Brief
Domain ID: IOI
Role: Primary
Role Prioritry: . 32768
ICI Iink status: D Down
HearcBeat Status: Up
VLT Peer Status: Up
Local Uni= ID: 1
Version: 5(1)
Local Sygmem Mac Address: 00:01:es:8a:e7:70
Remote Svstem MAC adpress: 00:01:es:&a:e9:70
Configured System MAC address:00:01:e日: Sa:e7:70
Remove system wersion: 5(1)
Delay-Regtore timer: 120
```

Refer to the exhibit.
Two S-Series switches have been configured as a VLT Pair.
Which three conclusions should be made based on the output shown from the first peer switch? (Choose three.)
A. The domain ID was administratively defined during the configuration of VLT.
B. Spanning-tree has been disabled to ensure that no VLT loops occur.
C. The System MAC was automatically defined.
D. The peer link is down.
E. The restoration of VLT ports after a system has been rebooted has been automatically configured.
F. The command back-up destination has not been applied.

Correct Answer: ACD

## QUESTION 6



Refer to the exhibit.
The trunk links are being over utilized. A network engineer needs to resolve the issue by pruning the trunk links of unnecessary vlans. Each switch must be management accessible via VLAN 1.

What are the allowed vlans on each trunk link?
A. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]
B. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096]
C. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10]
D. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10]

## Correct Answer: A

## QUESTION 7

A network engineer needs to remove switch 2 from a stack of four switches permanently. Which process should the network engineer use?
A. Adjust the stacking cables to take the N -Series switch out of the stack, log into the CLI of the stack, and run the following command:
B. Adjust the stacking cables to take the switch out of the stack. The master switch will automatically remove the switch from the stack.
C. Adjust the stacking cables to take the switch out of the stack, log into the CLI of the stack, and run the following command:
D. Adjust the stacking cables to take the switch out of the stack, and reboot the stack.

Correct Answer: A

## QUESTION 8

When facing the front of a C-Series switch, in which direction does air flow?
A. from the right side to left side
B. from the front side to back side
C. from the back side to front side
D. from the left side to right side

Correct Answer: A

## QUESTION 9

## AN Exhibit

Switch1\# show vlt brief
VLT Domain Brief
Domain ID:
Role:
Role Priority:
ICL Link Status:
HeartBeat status:
VLT Peer status:
Local Unit ID:
Version:
Local System Mac Address:
Remote System MAC address:
Configured system MAC address:
Remote system version:
Delay-Restore timer:

```
1 5
Secondary
32768
UP
Down
Up
1
5(1)
00:01:e8:8a:e9:70
00:01:e8:8a:e7:70
01:01:02:02:15:15
5(1)
6
```

Refer to the exhibit.

Two S-Series switches are configured as a VLT pair. The output from the first peer switch is as shown.
Which three results can be determined based on the output shown? (Choose three.)
A. The command back-up destination command has been applied but there is no IP- reachability for Backup-Link connectivity between Peers.
B. VLTs downstream to other devices will not form because the versions are the same for both VLT peers.
C. The domain ID was automatically created based on the System MA.
D. The VLTi peer-link has not been created between the two VLT peers.
E. The System Mac was statically defined by an administrator, and all downstream switches only see this MAC address.
F. The restoration of VLT ports after a system has been rebooted has been manually configured.

Correct Answer: AEF

## QUESTION 10

The network engineer has two Dell Networking switches: an N-Series and an S-Series. Both switches have the factory default configuration. Which phrase correctly describes the current state of spanning-tree on both switches?
A. S-Series Globally DisabledN-Series Globally Disabled
B. S-Series Globally EnabledN-Series Globally Disabled
C. S-Series Globally EnabledN-Series Globally Enabled
D. S-Series Globally DisabledN-Series Globally Enabled

Correct Answer: D

## QUESTION 11

In an OSPF network, a network engineer uses a loopback interface with an assigned IP Address instead of configuring an IPv4 address as the Router I.

What are two benefits of this choice? (Choose two.)
A. OSPF is more reliable when a loopback interface is configured because a loopback interface is always active.
B. The loopback interface does not require a different subnet to be configured on each switch.
C. Not using a loopback interface saves real IP address space that can be used in the future.
D. The loopback interface IP address when advertised via OSPF can be used as a reliable remote management IP address.

## QUESTION 12

A new switch is already configured with an IP address and is reachable within the network. SSH and HTTPS are verified. The network engineer needs to disable HTTP for switch management.

What is the correct command?
A. console\# no ip https server
B. console(config)\# no ip http server
C. console\# no ip http server
D. console(config)\#ip http server disable

Correct Answer: B

## QUESTION 13

The status LED is blinking RED for an N-Series switch. Which system behavior is indicated?
A. The switch is booting.
B. A noncritical system error has occurred.
C. Normal operation is occurring.
D. A critical system error has occurred.

Correct Answer: B

## QUESTION 14

A network engineer is verifying the configuration of a LAG connection on an S-Series switch.
Which two commands should the network engineer use to determine the operation of the LAG? (Choose two.)
A. show lacp
B. show interface
C. show port-channel-flow
D. show uplink-state-group

Correct Answer: AB

## QUESTION 15

A networking engineer needs to configure several VLANs for S-Series switches for both Untagged and Tagged traffic.
Which three of the following apply? (Choose three.)
A. A Tagged interface can only be a member of a single Tagged VLAN.
B. A Tagged interface can be a member of multiple VLANs.
C. Hybrid ports can be assigned to both an Untagged VLAN and Tagged VLAN.
D. When a Tagged interface is removed from a VLAN, it will always be placed in the default VLAN as a Tagged interface.
E. Hybrid ports can be assigned to multiple VLANs but not the default VLAN.
F. When a Tagged interface is removed from a VLAN, it will remain Tagged only if it is Tagged in another VLAN.

Correct Answer: BCF

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