

# ACP-610<sup>Q&As</sup>

Managing Jira Projects for Data Center and Server Certification

## Pass Atlassian ACP-610 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.leads4pass.com/acp-610.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Atlassian  
Official Exam Center

- ⚙ **Instant Download** After Purchase
- ⚙ **100% Money Back** Guarantee
- ⚙ **365 Days** Free Update
- ⚙ **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

All projects use a shared permission scheme.

The Browse Projects permission needs to be updated so that project administrators can manage access to their own projects.

What entry must be added to the Browse Projects permission?

- A. Application Access
- B. Project Lead
- C. Single User Project Role
- D. Group

Correct Answer: B

---

**QUESTION 2**

A Scrum project has the following five configured versions: How many of them will be available in the versions panel of the project backlog?

Version	Status	Progress	Start Date	Release Date
epsilon	Unreleased	No issues	01/May/21	31/May/21
delta	Unreleased	7 out of 9 issues are Done	01/Apr/21	30/Apr/21
gamma	Unreleased	8 out of 8 issues are Done	01/Mar/21	31/Mar/21
beta	Released	5 out of 11 issues are Done	01/Feb/21	28/Feb/21
alpha	Archived	4 out of 12 issues are Done	01/Jan/21	31/Jan/21

- A. 4
- B. 1
- C. 2

D. 5

E. 3

Correct Answer: E

Three versions will be available in the versions panel of the project backlog:

epsilon, delta, and gamma. These are the three unreleased versions in the project, as shown in the image. The versions panel only shows unreleased versions, as they are used to plan and track the progress of upcoming releases.

Released

and archived versions are not shown in the versions panel, as they are considered completed and no longer relevant for planning purposes. References: [Working with versions], [Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification

Bundle]

---

### QUESTION 3

Analyze the component configuration of a project as shown.

Component	Status	Issues	Lead	Description	Default assignee
Login	ACTIVE	2 Issues	Project admin		Component lead
Signoff	ACTIVE	1 Issue	Project admin	Signoff issues	Project default
Test	ARCHIVED	0 Issues		Test	Project lead
UI	ARCHIVED	1 Issue		UI-related issues	Component lead
UX	ACTIVE	0 Issues	admin		Project lead

Dave creates an issue and wants to use the auto-assignment feature of Jira. Which statement is definitely correct?

- A. If UX is selected, the issue will be assigned to admin.
- B. If Login and Signoff are selected, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.
- C. If Signoff is selected, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.
- D. If Test is selected, the issue will be assigned to Project lead.

Correct Answer: C

The component configuration of the project shows that each component has a different default assignee. The default assignee is the user who will be automatically assigned to an issue when that component is selected. The image shows that

the default assignee for the Signoff component is Project admin. Therefore, if Dave creates an issue and selects Signoff as the component, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.

The other options are not correct because:

If UX is selected, the issue will not be assigned to admin, but to Unassigned. The image shows that the default assignee for the UX component is Unassigned, which means that no user will be automatically assigned to an issue with that component.

If Login and Signoff are selected, the issue will not be assigned to Project admin, but to Project lead. The image shows that the default assignee for multiple components is Project lead, which means that if more than one component is

selected, the issue will be assigned to Project lead. If Test is selected, the issue will not be assigned to Project lead, but to Unassigned. The image shows that the default assignee for the Test component is Unassigned, which means that no user will be automatically assigned to an issue with that component.

---

#### QUESTION 4

An issue was created with the following attributes:

1.

Issue type: Story

2.

Priority: Blocker



3.

Labels: Tools, DevOps

4.

Reporter: A.Grant

An excerpt of the board's swimlane configuration is shown.

 Expedite	priority = Blocker
 Stories	type = Story
 Internal stories	labels = "Tools" AND issuetype = Story

In which swimlane will the issue appear?

- A. Change requests
- B. Expedite
- C. Internal stories
- D. Everything Else

#### E. Stories

Correct Answer: B

The issue will appear in the Expedite swimlane, because it matches the query priority = Blocker. Swimlanes are used to group issues on the board based on a common attribute, such as assignee, epic, or a custom query. The board's swimlane configuration shows that the first swimlane is Expedite, which has the query priority = Blocker. This means that any issue with a blocker priority will be placed in this swimlane, regardless of its other attributes. The other swimlanes have different queries that do not match the issue's attributes, such as type, labels, or reporter. Therefore, the issue will not appear in those swimlanes. The last swimlane is Everything Else, which is the default swimlane for any issue that does not match any of the previous queries. However, since the issue matches the Expedite query, it will not fall into this swimlane either. Hence, the correct answer is B. References: [Configuring swimlanes], [Using swimlanes]

---

#### QUESTION 5

A team currently uses a single project to track both features and tasks. They will be adopting agile practices, as follows:

1.  
Features will be developed during three week iterations.
  2.  
Tasks will be handled based on priority and rank and released incrementally as needed.
- they want to use agile boards with minimal disruption to their current configuration. Which solution will meet their requirements?
- A. a Kanban board in the current project with separate swimlanes per issue type
  - B. two Scrum boards for the current project, one for each issue type
  - C. a Scrum board in the current project with two quick fillers to show each issue type separately
  - D. a second project for tasks with a shared configuration and separate boards per project
  - E. a Kanban board for tasks and a Scrum board for features in the current project

Correct Answer: E

The solution that will meet the team's requirements of using agile boards with minimal disruption to their current configuration is to use a Kanban board for tasks and a Scrum board for features in the current project. This way, they can use different agile methodologies for different issue types without creating a new project or changing their existing configuration. They can use a Kanban board for tasks to handle them based on priority and rank and release them incrementally as needed. They can use a Scrum board for features to develop them during three week iterations with sprints and backlogs. The other solutions are either not feasible or not optimal for their needs. Therefore, the correct answer is E. References: [Creating a board], [Using a Scrum board], [Using a Kanban board]

---

#### QUESTION 6

A project was created with a shared configuration. Which two configurations were shared? (Choose two.)

- A. component lead assignments

- B. versions
- C. transition screens
- D. project role membership
- E. project permissions

Correct Answer: CE

When a project is created with a shared configuration, it inherits the configurations of an existing project. This includes the workflow, issue types, screens, fields, permissions, notifications, and schemes associated with them. However, the component lead assignments and versions are specific to each project and are not shared. Therefore, the correct answer is C and E. References: Creating a project, Configuring projects

---

### QUESTION 7

You want to update a workflow that is not shared.

You are a project administrator and "Extended project administration" is enabled.

Which two actions can you complete? (Choose two.)

- A. Add a field to a transition screen.
- B. Add a condition to limit who can approve issues,
- C. Add new transitions to the workflow.
- D. Delete transitions from the workflow.
- E. Delete the Review status from Jira

Correct Answer: CD

---

### QUESTION 8

Max has the "Administer Projects" permission. Two actions are needed in his project.

1.  
create a new custom field
2.  
add the new custom field to a transition screen

What can Max do?

- A. neither action
- B. only action 2

C. both actions

D. only action 1

Correct Answer: B

A custom field is a field that is not part of the default set of Jira system fields. Creating a new custom field requires Jira administration permissions, so Max cannot perform action 1. However, adding an existing custom field to a transition

screen does not require Jira administration permissions, as long as the screen is not shared with other projects or issue types. Therefore, Max can perform action 2 if he has the "Administer Projects" permission and the screen meets the

prerequisites for editing. References: :

<https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/what-are-custom-fields/> <https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/configure-screens/>

---

### QUESTION 9

Bethany knows the URL of an issue that she wants to restore in a particular project.

What are the minimum two permissions that she needs to restore the issue? (Choose two.)

A. Restore Issues

B. Browse Project Archive

C. Move Issues

D. Edit Issues

E. Browse Projects

Correct Answer: AB

To restore an issue from the project archive, Bethany needs two permissions: Restore Issues and Browse Project Archive. The Restore Issues permission allows Bethany to restore issues that have been archived in a project. The Browse Project Archive permission allows Bethany to view the archived issues in a project. Without these permissions, Bethany will not be able to access or restore the archived issue, even if she knows the URL. The other permissions are not relevant for restoring an issue. The Move Issues permission allows Bethany to move issues from one project to another. The Edit Issues permission allows Bethany to modify the details of an issue. The Browse Projects permission allows Bethany to see the project and its issues, but not the archived ones. For more information on how to archive and restore issues, see Archive and restore issues and Manage project permissions. References: Archive and restore issues, Manage project permissions

---

### QUESTION 10

A shared dashboard displays a gadget that is based on a shared filter.

Currently, each person who views the gadget sees counts of all the issues in a project by status.

The team's requirement is that each person who views the gadget will see counts of only their assigned issues by status.

What must you do in order to meet this requirement?

- A. Configure the "Who can view this filter" setting.
- B. Reconfigure the dashboard viewers.
- C. Use the `currentUserJQL` function in the filter.
- D. Replace it with the "Assigned to Me" gadget
- E. Modify the Assignable User permission.

Correct Answer: C

The best way to meet the team's requirement is to use the `currentUser()` JQL function in the filter. This function returns the current user who is viewing the gadget, and can be used to filter issues by assignee. For example, if the filter is "project = ABC and assignee = currentUser()", then each person who views the gadget will see counts of only their assigned issues by status. This way, you do not need to reconfigure the dashboard viewers or modify the Assignable User permission, which are global settings that affect all users. You also do not need to replace it with the "Assigned to Me" gadget, which does not show counts by status. Configuring the "Who can view this filter" setting does not affect the results of the filter, but only its visibility. References: Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle, [Advanced searching - functions reference | Jira Software Cloud]

---

## QUESTION 11

A project administrator wants to modify his project screen.

The project screen meets all the prerequisites for him to be able to edit it.

Which two actions can he perform? (Choose two.)

- A. create a new field
- B. create a new tab
- C. set a default value for a field
- D. make a field required
- E. remove a field

Correct Answer: BE

A project screen is a screen that is used to display or edit issue fields in a project. A project administrator can modify his project screen if it meets the following prerequisites: The screen is not shared with other projects or issue types. The screen does not use the default system fields. The screen scheme and the issue type screen scheme are not shared with other projects or issue types. If these conditions are met, the project administrator can perform the following actions on his project screen: Create a new tab Rename a tab Remove a tab Add an existing field Remove a field Reorder fields The project administrator cannot create a new field, set a default value for a field, or make a field required. These actions require Jira administration permissions. References: : <https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/configure-field-layouts-in-the-issue-view/> <https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/what-are-issue-fields/>

---



**QUESTION 12**

Jon can already see issues in a particular project. But he also needs to:

1.

work on setting Due Date on issues

2.

transition issues from the Resolved column to the Closed column

His project was created using the Scrum project template and the simplified workflow has not been modified. Which three additional permissions does he definitely need? (Choose three.)

- A. Work On Issues
- B. Browse Projects
- C. Close Issues
- D. Transition Issues
- E. Schedule Issues

Correct Answer: CDE

To perform the tasks that Jon needs, he requires three additional permissions: Close Issues, Transition Issues, and Schedule Issues. The Close Issues permission allows Jon to transition issues from the Resolved column to the Closed column on the Scrum board. The Transition Issues permission allows Jon to move issues through any workflow transition on the Scrum board. The Schedule Issues permission allows Jon to set or edit the Due Date of an issue. The other permissions are not additional or necessary for Jon's tasks. The Work On Issues permission allows Jon to log work on an issue, but not to set or edit the Due Date. The Browse Projects permission is already granted to Jon, since he can see the issues in the project. For more information on how to manage project permissions, see Manage project permissions and Understand project permissions and roles. References: Manage project permissions, Understand project permissions and roles

---

**QUESTION 13**

Development team A is consistently overestimating the work they can complete per sprint. They want to be able to compare work committed and work completed in sprints over time. Which single report provides this information?

- A. Control Chart
- B. Sprint Report
- C. Cumulative Flow Diagram
- D. Created vs Resolved Issues Report
- E. Velocity Chart

Correct Answer: E

The Velocity Chart is the best report to compare work committed and work completed in sprints over time. It shows the

average amount of work that a team can complete in a sprint, based on the historical data of previous sprints. It also shows how much work was planned and how much was actually completed in each sprint. By looking at the Velocity Chart, a team can see if they are overestimating or underestimating their capacity, and adjust their planning accordingly.

Therefore, option E is correct. References: Velocity Chart, Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server:

Certification Bundle

---

## QUESTION 14

Which statement is definitely true about sub-tasks being used on a Scrum board?

- A. Sub-task estimations are rolled up and displayed as the Original Estimate on the parent card.
- B. Sub-tasks can only be created by board administrators
- C. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Active sprints view.
- D. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Backlog view.
- E. Sub-tasks will automatically get resolved when the parent is moved to the Done column.

Correct Answer: C

Sub-tasks are a type of issue that can be used to break down a parent issue into smaller and more manageable pieces. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Active sprints view of a Scrum board, which allows you to track their progress and status. However, sub-task estimations are not rolled up and displayed on the parent card, as they use a different field than the parent issue. Sub-tasks can be created by anyone who has the Create Issue permission in the project, not only by board administrators. Sub-tasks cannot be displayed as cards in the Backlog view, as they are only visible under their parent issues. Sub-tasks will not automatically get resolved when the parent is moved to the Done column, as they have their own workflow transitions and conditions. Therefore, the correct answer is C. References: [Working with sub-tasks], [Configuring columns]

---

## QUESTION 15

All projects use only a single simplified workflow which has three statuses:

1.  
Open
2.  
In Progress
3.  
Closed

Each status allows all statuses to transition to it

You need to identify oil issues that were in the Closed status at some point in their lifecycle.

Select the correct JQL query.

- A. status CHANGED FROM in Progress" TO Closed
- B. status WAS Closed
- C. status = Closed OR (status WAS Closed AND status - Open)
- D. status CHANGED TO Open

Correct Answer: B

The correct JQL query to find all issues that were in the Closed status at some point in their lifecycle is: status WAS Closed. This query uses the WAS operator to check the previous values of the status field. The other options are incorrect because they either use invalid syntax, such as CHANGED FROM or -, or they do not capture all the issues that were ever closed, such as status = Closed or status CHANGED TO Open. For more information on JQL syntax and operators, see [Advanced searching - operators reference](#) and [Advanced searching - fields reference](#). References: [Advanced searching - operators reference](#), [Advanced searching - fields reference](#)

[ACP-610 PDF Dumps](#)

[ACP-610 Exam Questions](#)

[ACP-610 Braindumps](#)