

# A00-212<sup>Q&As</sup>

SAS Advanced Programming Exam for SAS 9

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## QUESTION 1

Given the following SAS data sets ONE and TWO:

ONE TWO

YEAR QTR BUDGET YEAR QTR SALES

2001 3 500 2001 4 300

2001 4 400 2002 1 600

2002 1 700

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
proc sql;
```

```
select one.*, sales
```

```
from one, two;
```

```
quit;
```

Which one of the following reports is generated?

A. YEAR QTR BUDGET SALES 2001 4 400 300 2002 1 700 600

B. YEAR QTR BUDGET SALES 2001 3 500 2001 4 400 300 2002 1 700 600

C. YEAR QTR BUDGET SALES 2001 3 500 300 2001 4 400 300 2002 1 700 600

D. YEAR QTR BUDGET SALES 2001 3 500 300 2001 4 400 300 2002 1 700 300 2001 3 500 600 2001 4 400 600 2002 1 700 600

Correct Answer: D

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## QUESTION 2

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%let test=one;
```

```
%let one=two;
```

```
%let two=three;
```

```
%let three=last;
```

```
%put what displays is andandandandandtest;
```

What is the written to the SAS log?

- A. What displays is three
- B. What displays is two
- C. What displays is one
- D. What displays is last

Correct Answer: B

### QUESTION 3

This question will ask you to provide a segment of missing code.

Given the SAS data set SASUSER.ORDER:

ORDER	STATE	YEAR_ORDER
01	US	2012
02	AU	2012
03	PE	2013
04	CA	2012
05	DE	2012

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%let year=2012;
data ORDERS;
  set SASUSER.ORDER end=eof;
  where year_order=&year;
  if state='CA' then California+1;
  if eof then < insert code here >;
run;

proc print data=ORDERS;
  footnote "The total of orders in &year from California is: &num";
run;
```

Which statement completes the program completely so that it will produce a report with the total number of orders for California?

- A. Call syntax (^num\ California)
- B. Num = California
- C. andnum = California
- D. Syntax (^num\, California)

Correct Answer: B

**QUESTION 4**

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%macro test(var);  
  
%let jobs = BLACKSMITH WORDSMITH SWORDSMITH;  
  
%let type = %index(andsjobs,andsvar);  
  
%mend;  
  
%test(SMITH)
```

Which one of the following is the resulting value of the macro variable TYPE?

- A. 0
- B. 3
- C. 6
- D. null

Correct Answer: C

---

**QUESTION 5**

Which DICTIONARY table provides information on all the tables containing a variable named LASTNAME?

- A. DICTIONARY.COLUMNS
- B. DICTIONARY.VARIABLES
- C. DICTIONARY.MEMBERS
- D. DICTIONARY.TABLES

Correct Answer: A

---

**QUESTION 6**

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
data temp;  
  
length 1 b 3 x;  
  
infile '\\file reference\';  
  
input a b x;  
  
run;
```

What is the result?

- A. The data set TEMP is not created because variables A and B have invalid lengths
- B. The data set TEMP is created, but variable X is not created
- C. The data set TEMP is not created because variable A has an invalid length
- D. The data set TEMP is created and variable X has a length of 8

Correct Answer: C

---

**QUESTION 7**

Which one of the following statements is true regarding a SAS DATA step view?

- A. It allows write capabilities.
- B. It contains global statements.
- C. It contains data and a descriptor portion.
- D. It contains a partially compiled DATA step.

Correct Answer: D

---

**QUESTION 8**

Which one of the following statements about compressed SAS data sets is always true?

- A. Each observation is treated as a single string of bytes.
- B. Each observation occupies the same number of bytes.
- C. An updated observation is stored in its original location.
- D. New observations are added to the end of the SAS data set.

Correct Answer: A

---

**QUESTION 9**

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%macro COLS1;  
  Name Age;  
%mend;  
%macro COLS2;  
  Height Weight;  
%mend;  
proc print data=SASHELP.CLASS;  
  var Weight Height %COLS1;  
run;
```

How will the variable be listed?

- A. Height Weight Name Age
- B. Weight Height
- C. Weight Height Name Age
- D. Name Age Weight Height

Correct Answer: D

---

#### QUESTION 10

Given the following SAS statement: %let idcode = Prod567;

Which one of the following statements stores the value 567 in the macro variable CODENUM?

- A. %let codenum = substr(andidcode,length(andidcode)-2);
- B. %let codenum = substr(andidcode,length(andidcode)-3);
- C. %let codenum = %substr(andidcode,%length(andidcode)-2);
- D. %let codenum = %substr(andidcode,%length(andidcode)-3);

Correct Answer: C

---

#### QUESTION 11

Given the SAS data sets:

WORK.EMPLOYEE		WORK.NEWEMPLOYEE	
Name	Dept	Names	Salary
-----	-----	-----	-----
Alan	Sales	Michelle	50000
Michelle	Sales	Paresh	60000

A SAS program is submitted and the following is written to SAS to:

```
101 proc sql;
102     select dept, name
103     from WORK.EMPLOYEE
104     where name=(select names
                  from newemployee
                  where salary > 40000)
ERROR: Subquery evaluated to more than one row.
105 ;
106 quit;
```

What would allow the program to successfully execute without errors?

- A. Qualify the column names with the table names.
- B. Replace the 104 with: Where EMPLOYEE.Name = Any (Select names separated with `,\` From WORK.NEWEMPLOYEE Where Salary > 40000);
- C. Replace the where clause with: Where EMPLOYEE.Name = (Select Names delimited with `,\` From WORK.NEWEMPLOYEE Where Salary > 40000);
- D. Replace the equal sign with In operator.

Correct Answer: B

**QUESTION 12**

Given the SAS data sets shown on the left, the SAS program on the right is submitted.

WORK.QTR1_SALES		WORK.CURRENT_EMPS	
RepID	Sales	RepID	Name
-----	-----	-----	-----
500	7200	100	Smith
100	3100	400	Adams
200	1750	300	Thomas
300	5500	200	Jones
100	1000		

```
proc sql;
  select coalesce (s.RepID,e.RepID) as RepID,
         Name,
         Sales
  from (select RepID,
              sum(sales) as Sales
        from QTR1_SALES
        group by RepID) as s
  left join
        CURRENT_EMPS as e
  on (s.RepID = e.RepID)
  order by 3 desc;
quit;
```

What will be the result when this program is executed?

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: C

---

**QUESTION 13**

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%let value = 9;
```

```
%let value2 = 5;
```

```
%let newval = %eval(value / value2);
```

Which one of the following is the resulting value of the macro variable NEWVAL?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 1.8

D. null

Correct Answer: A

---

**QUESTION 14**

Text is sent to the SAS compiler as a result of macro execution. Which one of the following SAS system options writes that text to the log?

A. MPRINT

B. MLOGIC

C. MSOURCE

D. SOURCE2

Correct Answer: A

---

**QUESTION 15**

Given the data set SASHELP.CLASS:



SASHELP.CLASS

NAME AGE

Mary 15

Philip 16

Robert 12

Ronald 15

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%let value = Philip;
```

```
proc print data = sashelp.class;
```

```
run;
```

Which WHERE statement successfully completes the program and procedures a report?

- A. Where upcase(name)=%upcase(andvalue);
- B. Where upcase(name)="upcase(andvalue)";
- C. Where upcase(name)=upcase(andvalue);
- D. Where upcase(name)="%upcase(andvalue)";

Correct Answer: D

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