

1Z0-816^{Q&As}

Java SE 11 Programmer II

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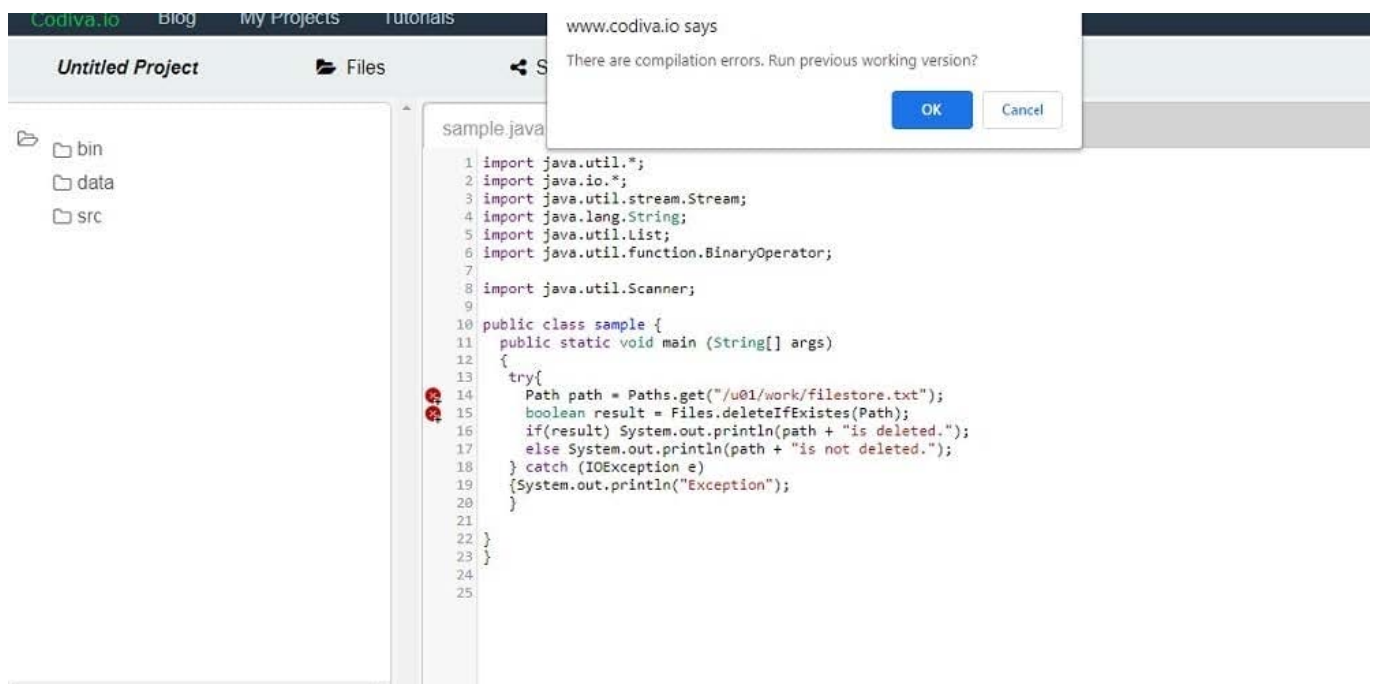
QUESTION 1

Given: Assume the file on path does not exist. What is the result?

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            Path path = Paths.get("/u01/work/filestore.txt");  
            boolean result = Files.deleteIfExists(path);  
            if(result) System.out.println(path + "is deleted.");  
            else System.out.println(path + "is not deleted.");  
        } catch(IOException e) {  
            System.out.println("Exception");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

- A. The compilation fails.
- B. /u01/work/filestore.txt is not deleted.
- C. Exception
- D. /u01/work/filestore.txt is deleted.

Correct Answer: A



QUESTION 2

Given:

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        var numbers = List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10);  
        Optional<Integer> result = numbers.stream().filter(x -> x % 3 != 0).reduce((i, j)  
-> i + j);  
        result.ifPresent(System.out::print); // line 1  
    }  
}
```

Which is true about line 1?


- A. If the value is not present, a NoSuchElementException is thrown at run time.
- B. It always executes the System.out::print statement.
- C. If the value is not present, a NullPointerException is thrown at run time.
- D. If the value is not present, nothing is done.

Correct Answer: D

```
1  import java.util.*;  
2  import java.io.*;  
3  import java.lang.Thread;  
4  import java.util.ArrayList;  
5  import java.util.LinkedList;  
6  import java.util.List;  
7  import java.util.function.Consumer;  
8  import java.util.stream.Stream;  
9  import java.util.stream.IntStream;  
10 import java.util.Optional;  
11  
12  
13 public class Main {  
14     public static void main(String[] args) {  
15         var numbers = List.of(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10);  
16         Optional<Integer> result = numbers.stream().filter (x -> x % 3 != 0).reduce( (i, j) -> i + j);  
17  
18     }  
19 }
```

Result

CPU Time: 0.18 sec(s), Memory: 33380 kilobyte(s)

 Doodle in Action.... Running the program...

QUESTION 3

Assuming the Widget class has a getPrice method, this code does not compile:

```
List widgets = List.of(new Widget("Basic Widget", 19.55), // line 1
                        new Widget("Enhanced Widget", 35.00),
                        new Widget("Luxury Edition Widget", 55.45));
Stream widgetStream = widgets.stream(); // line 4
widgetStream.filter(a -> a.getPrice() > 20.00) // line 5
              .forEach(System.out::println);
```

Which two statements, independently, would allow this code to compile? (Choose two.)

- A. Replace line 5 with `widgetStream.filter(a -> ((Widget)a).getPrice() > 20.00)`.
- B. Replace line 1 with `List widgetStream = widgets.stream();`.
- C. Replace line 5 with `widgetStream.filter((Widget a) -> a.getPrice() > 20.00)`.
- D. Replace line 4 with `Stream widgetStream = widgets.stream();`.

Correct Answer: AD

QUESTION 4

Given:

```
public class Confidential implements Serializable{
    private String data;

    public Confidential(String data) {
        this.data = data;
    }
}
```

Which two are secure serialization of these objects? (Choose two.)

- A. Define the `serialPersistentFields` array field.
- B. Declare fields `transient`.
- C. Implement only `readResolve` to replace the instance with a serial proxy and not `writeReplace`.
- D. Make the class `abstract`.
- E. Implement only `writeReplace` to replace the instance with a serial proxy and not `readResolve`.

Correct Answer: AC

QUESTION 5

Given these two classes:

```
public class Resource {
    public Worker owner;
    public synchronized boolean claim(Worker worker) {
        if (owner == null) {
            owner = worker;
            return true;
        }
        else return false;
    }
    public synchronized void release() {
        owner = null;
    }
}

public class Worker {
    public synchronized void work(Resource... resources) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            while (!resources[0].claim(this)) { }
            while (!resources[1].claim(this)) { }
            // do work with resource
            resources[1].release();
            resources[0].release();
        }
    }
}
```

And given this fragment: Which describes the fragment?

```
Worker w1 = new Worker();
Worker w2 = new Worker();
Resource r1 = new Resource();
Resource r2 = new Resource();
new Thread( () -> {
    w1.work(r1, r2);
} ).start();
new Thread( () -> {
    w2.work(r2, r1);
} ).start();
```

- A. It throws `IllegalMonitorStateException`.
- B. It is subject to deadlock.
- C. It is subject to livelock.
- D. The code does not compile.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 6

Given:

```
@Target(ElementType.METHOD)
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
public @interface AuthorInfo {
    String author() default "";
    String date();
    String[] comments() default {};
}
```

Which two are correct? (Choose two.)

- A.

```
@AuthorInfo(date="1-1-2020", comments={ null })
public class Hello {
    public void func() {}
}
```
- B.

```
public class Hello {
    @AuthorInfo (date="1-1-2020. comments="Hello")
    public void func() {}
}
```
- C.

```
public class Hello {
    @AuthorInfo
    public void func() {}
}
```
- D.

```
@AuthorInfo(date="1-1-2020")
public class Hello {
    public void func() {}
}
```
- E.

```
public class Hello {
    @AuthorInfo(date="1-1-2020", author="Gandhi", comments={ "world" })
    public void func () {}
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

E. Option E

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 7

```
8 public class Secret {  
9     public static void main(String[] args) {  
10         Integer[] intArray = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
11         List<Integer> list =  
12             new ArrayList<> (Arrays.asList (intArray));  
13         list.parallelStream()  
14             .forEachOrdered(e -> System.out.print(e + " "));  
15     }  
16 }
```

Execute Mode, Version, Inputs & Arguments

JDK 11.0.4

CommandLine Arguments

Result

CPU Time: 0.32 sec(s), Memory: 37040 kilobyte(s)

1 2 3 4 5

Given the contents:

MessageBundle.properties file:

message=Hello

MessageBundle_en.properties file:

message=Hello (en)

MessageBundle_US.properties file:

message=Hello (US)

MessageBundle_en_US.properties file:

message=Hello (en_US)

MessageBundle_fr_FR.properties file:

message=Bonjour

and the code fragment:

```
Locale.setDefault(Locale.FRANCE);
```

```
Locale currentLocale = new Locale.Builder().setLanguage("en").build();
```

```
ResourceBundle messages = ResourceBundle.getBundle("MessageBundle", currentLocale);
```

```
System.out. println(messages.getString("message"));
```

Which file will display the content on executing the code fragment?

- A. MessageBundle_en_US.properties
- B. MessageBundle_en.properties
- C. MessageBundle_fr_FR.properties
- D. MessageBundle_US.properties
- E. MessageBundle.properties

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.javatpoint.com/ResourceBundle-class>

QUESTION 8

Given the Person class with age and name along with getter and setter methods, and this code fragment:

```
List<Person> persons = new ArrayList(List.of(new Person(44,"Tom"),
                                              new Person(40,"Aman"),
                                              new Person(40,"Peter")));
persons.sort(Comparator.comparing((Person::getAge))
                .thenComparing(Person::getName)
                .reversed());
persons.forEach(p1->System.out.print(" "+p1.getName()));
```

What will be the result?

- A. Aman Tom Peter
- B. Tom Aman Peter
- C. Aman Peter Tom
- D. Tom Peter Aman

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

Which statement about a functional interface is true?

- A. It must be defined with the public access modifier.
- B. It must be annotated with `@FunctionalInterface`.
- C. It is declared with a single abstract method.
- D. It is declared with a single default method.
- E. It cannot have any private methods and static methods.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/functional-interfaces-java/>

QUESTION 10

Given:

```
public class SerializedMessage implements Serializable {
    String message;
    LocalDateTime createTime;
    transient LocalDateTime updateTime;;
    SerializedMessage(String message) {
        this.message = message;
        this.createTime = LocalDateTime.now();
    }
    private void readObject (ObjectInputStream in) {
        try {
            in.defaultReadObject();
            this.updateTime = LocalDateTime.now();
        } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

When is the `readObject` method called?

- A. before this object is deserialized
- B. after this object is deserialized
- C. before this object is serialized

D. The method is never called.

E. after this object is serialized

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://www.oracle.com/technical-resources/articles/java/javaserial.html>

QUESTION 11

Given the code fragment:

```
var pool = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(5);
```

```
Future outcome = pool.submit(() -> 1);
```

Which type of lambda expression is passed into submit()?

A. java.lang.Runnable

B. java.util.function.Predicate

C. java.util.function.Function

D. java.util.concurrent.Callable

Correct Answer: D

Reference: <https://www.codota.com/code/java/methods/java.util.concurrent.Executors/newFixedThreadPool>

QUESTION 12

Given: What will secure this code from a potential Denial of Service condition?

```
List<Reader> dataFiles = new ArrayList<>();
File indexFile = new File("MyIndex.idx");
try {BufferedReader indexReader =
    new BufferedReader(new FileReader(indexFile))} {
    for(String file = indexReader.readLine(); file != null;
        file = indexReader.readLine()) {
        BufferedReader dataReader = new BufferedReader (
            new FileReader(new File(file))); // Line 1
        dataFiles.add(dataReader); // Line 2
        processData(dataReader); // Line 3
    }
} catch (IOException ex) {
    ...
} finally {
    for(Reader r : dataFiles) {
        try {
            r.close();
        } catch (IOException ex) {
            ...
        } // Line 4
    }
}
```

- A. After Line 4, add indexReader.close().
- B. On Line 3, enclose processData(dataReader) with try with resources.
- C. After Line 3, add dataReader.close().
- D. On Line 1, use try with resources when opening each dataReader.
- E. Before Line 1, check the size of dataFiles to make sure it does not exceed a threshold.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 13

Given the code fragment:

```
Path source = Paths.get("/repo/a/a.txt"); Path destination = Paths.get("/repo"); Files.move(source, destination); // line 1
Files.delete (source); // line 2
```

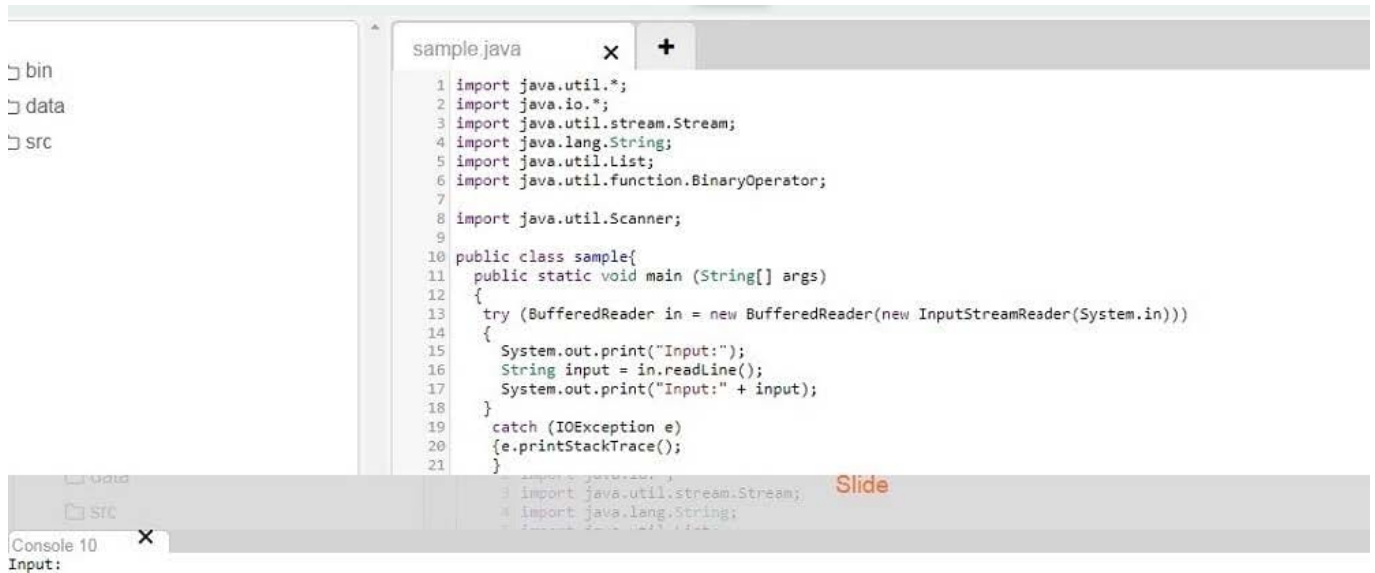
Assuming the source file and destination folder exist, what is the result?

- A. A java.nio.file.FileAlreadyExistsException is thrown on line 1.
- B. A java.nio.file.NoSuchFileException is thrown on line 2.
- C. A copy of /repo/a/a.txt is moved to the /repo directory and /repo/a/a.txt is deleted.

D. a.txt is renamed repo.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 14



```
sample.java
1 import java.util.*;
2 import java.io.*;
3 import java.util.stream.Stream;
4 import java.lang.String;
5 import java.util.List;
6 import java.util.function.BinaryOperator;
7
8 import java.util.Scanner;
9
10 public class sample{
11     public static void main (String[] args)
12     {
13         try (BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in)))
14         {
15             System.out.print("Input:");
16             String input = in.readLine();
17             System.out.print("Input:" + input);
18         }
19         catch (IOException e)
20         {e.printStackTrace();}
21     }
22 }
```

Console 10
Input:

Given:

```
public class X { }
```

```
and public final class Y extends X { }
```

What is the result of compiling these two classes?

- A. The compilation fails because there is no zero args constructor defined in class X.
- B. The compilation fails because either class X or class Y needs to implement the toString() method.
- C. The compilation fails because a final class cannot extend another class.
- D. The compilation succeeds.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 15

Given:

List longlist = List.of("Hello", "World", "Beat"); List shortlist = new ArrayList();

Which code fragment correctly forms a short list of words containing the letter "e"?

- A.

```
longList.stream()
    .filter(w -> w.indexOf('e') != -1)
    .parallel()
    .forEach(w -> shortList.add(w));
```
- B.

```
longList.parallelStream()
    .filter(w -> w.indexOf('e') != -1)
    .forEach(w -> shortList.add(w));
```
- C.

```
shortList = longList.stream()
    .filter(w -> w.indexOf('e') != -1)
    .parallel()
    .collect(Collectors.toList());
```
- D.

```
longList.stream()
    .filter(w -> w.indexOf('e') != 1)
    .parallel()
    .collect(shortlist);
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: C

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