

PSM-II^{Q&As}

Professional Scrum Master level II (PSM II)

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QUESTION 1

During the Sprint Review, the Product Owner decides to release the current Increment to production. The stakeholders suggest temporarily delaying the next Sprint in order to respond more quickly to user feedback after the release. The Product Owner prefers to continue to the next Sprint and make progress towards the next release. Steven, the Scrum Master, begins facilitating the discussion.

What would be two acceptable outcomes of the discussion? (Choose two.)

- A. Continue with the Sprints and include the customer feedback in the Product Backlog.
- B. Delay the next Sprint to allow the Development Team to work on new customer feedback.
- C. Continue with the Sprints but shorten the Sprint time-boxes to allow for shorter feedback loops.
- D. Continue with the Sprints but allow the Sprint Goal within the Sprint to change according to the customer feedback.

Correct Answer: AC

A new Sprint starts immediately after the conclusion of the previous Sprint. Delaying the start of the next Sprint interrupts progress and can reduce the Time-to-Market. Shortening the Sprint length allows the team to respond quicker to changes outside of the Sprint plan and while still allowing delivery of business value. Adding user feedback to the Product Backlog helps the Product Owner with ordering the backlog to maximize the flow of value.

During the Sprint no changes are made that would endanger the Sprint Goal.

QUESTION 2

Which of these tools is mandatory for the Product Owner to use?

- A. Release burnup chart.
- B. Burndown chart.
- C. Version control.
- D. Project Gantt chart.
- E. None of the above.

Correct Answer: E

The Product Owner can use any tool, method or practice that he/she finds fit in order for him/her to make the best decisions possible.

QUESTION 3

By the end of the Sprint, a Product Backlog item in the Sprint Backlog does not meet the team's Definition of Done.

What two things should happen with the item? (Choose two.)

- A. It will be inspected at the Sprint Review and if it is acceptable by the stakeholders then include it in the Increment.
- B. Do not include the item in the Increment for the Sprint.
- C. Split the item and add the estimation of the completed work to the current Sprint so not to impact the velocity and add the `undone` work to the next Sprint.
- D. Estimate the remaining work needed to make it `done` and add it to the Product Backlog for the Product Owner to decide what to do with it.

Correct Answer: BD

At the end of a Sprint, the new Increment must be `Done`, which means it must be in useable condition and meet the Scrum Team's definition of `Done`. Scrum Team members must have a shared understanding of what it means for work to be complete, to ensure transparency. This is the Definition of Done for the Scrum Team and it is used to assess when work is complete on the product Increment.

QUESTION 4

What would be two boundaries, defined in Scrum, that give guidance for teams to effectively self-organize? (Choose two.)

- A. Timeboxing the events in Scrum to allow for regular inspection and adaptation creating opportunities to adjust course in any given path.
- B. Clearly defined functional teams within the Development Team to define handoff phases during development.
- C. Creating an integrated and potentially shippable Increment by the end of each Sprint.
- D. Having a mixture of different levels of skills and experience to promote domain knowledge sharing.

Correct Answer: AC

Time-boxing promotes regularity and focus for self-organized teams. Having shippable Increments allows teams to collaboratively make decisions on what needs to be done next.

QUESTION 5

Scrum promotes self-organization.

Which of these statements would NOT support self-organizing?

- A. The Development Team deciding what work to do in a Sprint.
- B. Removing the need for documentation.
- C. Being a lightweight framework.
- D. Removing titles for Development Team members.

Correct Answer: B

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