

NCP-MCI-6.5^{Q&As}

Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI)
v6.5 exam

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QUESTION 1

Refer to Exhibit: An administrator is trying to create a custom alert policy for all VMs.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a custom alert policy. On the left, the entity is set to 'All VMs' and the metric is 'CPU Usage'. The policy name is 'VM CPU Usage' and the impact type is 'Performance'. The 'Behavioral Anomaly' section is selected, with the option 'Every time there is an anomaly, alert' chosen. The 'Alert Warning if' field is greyed out, while the 'Alert Critical if' field is active and set to 95%. The 'Trigger alert if conditions persist for' is set to 240 minutes.

Why is the Alert warning if field greyed out?

- A. The Alert critical if threshold is set.
- B. The Behavioral Anomaly threshold is set.
- C. The Enable Policy option checked.
- D. The Auto resolve alerts option is checked.

Correct Answer: B

Explanation: when you create a custom alert policy, you can choose between two types of thresholds: Static Threshold and Behavioral Anomaly. Static Threshold allows you to set a fixed value for the metric that triggers the alert. Behavioral Anomaly allows you to use machine learning to detect abnormal behavior based on historical data. If you select Behavioral Anomaly as the threshold type, you cannot set a warning level for the alert. You can only set a critical level that indicates how much deviation from normal behavior is considered an anomaly. Therefore, the Alert warning if field is greyed out when you select Behavioral Anomaly.

QUESTION 2

An administrator needs to deploy an application with a large amount of data connected via Nutanix volumes. Which two actions should the administrator take when designing the Volume Group? (Choose two.)

- A. Distribute workload across multiple virtual disks
- B. Enable RSS (Receive Side Scaling)
- C. Use multiple subnets for iSCSI traffic
- D. Enable thick provisioning on the Volume Group(s)

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

What is the default network bond setting for an AHV host configuration?

- A. active-backup
- B. active-active
- C. balance-slb
- D. balance-tcp

Correct Answer: A

Explanation: <https://next.nutanix.com/blog-40/network-load-balancing-with-acropolis-hypervisor-6463>

QUESTION 4

A node with Erasure Coding fails. What is the impact?

- A. The node stops utilizing Erasure Coding.
- B. Potentially increased amount of data stored in the SSD tier.
- C. Increased Controller VM CPU Load.
- D. AQS unable to do deduplication during the Erasure Coding failure.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

An administrator wants to ensure that data in a container is stored in the most space efficient manner as quickly as possible after being written,

Which space efficiency too meets this requirement?

- A. Inline Compression
- B. Thin Provisioning

C. Cache Deduplication

D. Erasure Coding

Correct Answer: A

Explanation: inline compression is a technique that compresses all incoming write I/O operations over 4 KB inline in the persistent write buffer (oplog)²³. This approach enables you to use oplog capacity more efficiently and helps drive sustained performance². From AOS 5.18 onward, inline compression (compression delay=0) is enabled by default for all new containers²⁴. <https://portal.nutanix.com/page/documents/solutions/details?targetId=TN-2032-Data-Efficiency:TN-2032-Data-Efficiency>

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