# JN0-351<sup>Q&As</sup>

Enterprise Routing and Switching Specialist (JNCIS-ENT)

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#### **QUESTION 1**

Which two statements about OSPF not-so-stubby areas are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. Type 5 LSAs are translated by the ASBR into Type 7 LSAs.
- B. Type 7 LSAs are translated by the ABR into Type 5 LSAs.
- C. The ASBR originates Type 5 LSAs for redistributed external routes.
- D. The ASBR originates Type 7 LSAs for redistributed external routes.

Correct Answer: BD

#### **QUESTION 2**

You are configuring IBGP and you must ensure that reachability is maintained between participating routers, even if the physical topology changes.

Which two actions should you perform in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure DHCP on all IBGP devices.
- B. Configure an IGP within your IBGP network.
- C. Configure static routes to all IBGP peers.
- D. Configure IBGP peerings to loopback addresses.

Correct Answer: BD

#### **QUESTION 3**

Click the Exhibit button.

	R1 0/0 ISPA	)
ge-0/0/1	ge-0/0/2 ge-0/0/3 ISP B	5

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Your company has connections to two ISPs. Each ISP is in a separate routing instance. You need to advertise the 0.0.0.0/0 prefix from both ISPs to all your devices.

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is true in this scenario?

- A. You must create and apply match input filters on interfaces ge-0/0/2 and ge-0/0/3.
- B. You must create a policy to allow traffic from your network to each ISP.
- C. You must create an internal routing instance for your network.
- D. You must create a RIB group to share interface routes.

Correct Answer: D

#### **QUESTION 4**

When electing a DIS in an IS-IS network, what is used to break a priority tie?

- A. highest router ID
- B. highest MAC address
- C. lowest MAC address
- D. lowest router ID
- Correct Answer: B

Explanation: https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\_US/junos/topics/concept/routing- protocol-is-is-security-designated-router-understanding.html

#### **QUESTION 5**

Which two statements about DIS elections in IS-IS are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. If a priority tie occurs, the router with the higher subnetwork point of attachment (SNPA) value becomes the DIS.
- B. The router with the higher priority value becomes the DIS.
- C. The router with the lower priority value becomes the DIS.
- D. If a priority tie occurs, the router with the lower subnetwork point of attachment (SNPA) value becomes the DIS.

Correct Answer: AB

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