CV0-003^{Q&As}

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QUESTION 1

An IaaS provider has numerous devices and services that are commissioned and decommissioned automatically on an ongoing basis. The cloud administrator needs to implement a solution that will help reduce administrative overhead.

Which of the following will accomplish this task?

A. IPAM

B. NAC

C. NTP

D. DNS

Correct Answer: A

IP address management (IPAM) is a type of tool or system that automates and standardizes the allocation, tracking, and management of IP addresses in an IP network. IPAM can help reduce administrative overhead for an IaaS provider that has numerous devices and services that are commissioned and decommissioned automatically on an ongoing basis, as it can simplify and centralize the process of assigning and reclaiming IP addresses for different devices and services without manual intervention or errors. IPAM can also help optimize network performance and security, as it can monitor and report any issues or conflicts related to IP addresses. References: CompTIA Cloud+ Certification Exam Objectives, page 15, section 2.8

Reference: https://www.infoblox.com/glossary/ipam-ip-address-management/

QUESTION 2

In a mission critical environment, performing maintenance operations on a host FIRST requires which of the following?

A. Shutting down the host.

B. Migrating all VMs off the host.

C. Shutting down the VMs on the host.

D. Pausing the VMs on the host

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

A system administrator is migrating a bare-metal server to the cloud. Which of the following types of migration should the systems administrator perform to accomplish this task?

A. V2V

B. V2P

C. P2P

D. P2V

Correct Answer: D

P2V (Physical to Virtual) is a type of migration that converts a physical server into a virtual machine (VM). P2V migration can help to move a bare-metal server to the cloud by creating an image of its disk and configuration and uploading it to a cloud platform that supports VM creation from custom images.

QUESTION 4

A company had a system compromise, and the engineering team resolved the issue after 12 hours. Which of the following information will MOST likely be requested by the Chief Information Officer (CIO) to understand the issue and its resolution?

A. A root cause analysis

B. Application documentation

C. Acquired evidence

D. Application logs

Correct Answer: A

A root cause analysis is what will most likely be requested by the Chief Information Officer (CIO) to understand the issue and its resolution after a system compromise that was resolved by the engineering team after 12 hours. A root cause

analysis is a technique of investigating and identifying the underlying or fundamental cause or reason for an incident or issue that affects or may affect the normal operation or performance of a system or service. A root cause analysis can

help to understand the issue and its resolution by providing information such as:

What happened: This describes what occurred during the incident or issue, such as symptoms, effects, impacts, etc.

Why it happened: This explains why the incident or issue occurred, such as triggers, factors, conditions, etc.

How it was resolved: This details how the incident or issue was fixed or mitigated, such as actions, steps, methods, etc.

How it can be prevented: This suggests how the incident or issue can be avoided or reduced in the future, such as recommendations, improvements, changes, etc.

QUESTION 5

Which of the following cloud services is fully managed?

A. IaaS

B. GPU in the cloud

C. IoT

D. Serverless compute

E. SaaS

Correct Answer: E

SaaS (Software as a Service) is a cloud service model that provides fully managed applications to the end users. The users do not have to worry about installing, updating, or maintaining the software, as the cloud provider handles all these tasks. Examples of SaaS are Gmail, Office 365, Salesforce, etc.

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