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QUESTION 1

SCENARIO

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

What benefit does making data pseudonymous offer to data controllers?

- A. It ensures that it is impossible to re-identify the data.
- B. It eliminates the responsibility to report data breaches.
- C. It allows for further use of the data for research purposes.
- D. It eliminates the need for a policy specifying data subject access rights.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Hong Kong's definition of a data user in the original PDPO applies to all of the following EXCEPT?

- A. Trust corporations.
- B. Third-party processors.
- C. Private sector organizations.
- D. Limited liability partnerships.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 4

Which personal data element is NOT considered a special category of data under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)?

- A. Physical or mental health data.
- B. Financial information.
- C. Race or ethnic origin.
- D. Political opinions.

Correct Answer: B

The personal data element that is NOT considered a special category of data under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) is B. Financial information.

The GDPR identifies "special categories" of personal data that require additional protection due to their sensitive nature. These categories include physical or mental health data, race or ethnic origin, and political opinions, among others. However, financial information is not classified as a special category of data under the GDPR. Nonetheless, it is still subject to the GDPR's general principles and protections for personal data.

QUESTION 5

What was the basis for the "TrustSg" mark, which was designed to build confidence in e-commerce transactions before the PDPA was enacted?

- A. The Fair Information Practice Principles.
- B. The Model Data Protection Code.
- C. The Electronic Transactions Act.
- D. The 1995 European Directive.

Correct Answer: B

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