# CIMAPRO17-BA2-X1-ENG ${ }^{\text {Q\&As }}$ 

E3 - Strategic Management Question Tutorial

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## QUESTION 1

A company makes and sells a range of products. The standard details per unit for one of these products, product $X$, are as follows.

|  | \$ per unit |
| :--- | ---: |
| Selling price | 180 |
| Variable material cost | 40 |
| Variable labour cost | 60 |
| Absorbed fixed production overhead | 45 |
| Profit | 35 |

To meet sales demand, the company must obtain 2,000 units of product $X$ next month. There is sufficient labour capacity to produce 1,500 of these units in-house during normal time. However, any production above this level would require
overtime working which would be paid at a premium of $50 \%$.
The company can buy as many units of product $X$ as it wishes next month from an external supplier at a price of $\$ 120$ per unit.

What is the total financial benefit to the company of purchasing the appropriate number of units from the external supplier rather than producing them in-house?
A. $\$ 20,000$
B. $\$ 30,000$
C. $\$ 27,500$
D. $\$ 5,000$

Correct Answer: D

## QUESTION 2

A company produces a single product for which the following cost data are available.

|  | \$ per unit |
| :--- | ---: |
| Direct material | 3 |
| Dircct labour | 4 |
| Production overhead | 2 |
| Selling and distribution overhead | 2 |

Analysis by the management accountant has shown that $100 \%$ of direct material cost and $50 \%$ of direct labour cost are variable costs. $50 \%$ of production overhead and $100 \%$ of selling and distribution overhead are variable costs.
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What is the marginal cost per unit?
A. \$6
B. $\$ 7$
C. \$8
D. $\$ 9$

Correct Answer: B

## QUESTION 3

Which of the following statements regarding variances is valid?
A. Using higher quality material than standard could explain an adverse labour efficiency variance.
B. Improved maintenance of production machinery could explain an adverse material usage variance.
C. An adverse labour rate variance could explain a favourable labour efficiency variance.
D. Poor supervision could explain a favourable labour rate variance.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: https://accounting-simplified.com/management/variance-analysis/labor/rate.html

## QUESTION 4

A company has two production departments and two service departments (Maintenance and Stores). The overhead costs of each of the departments are as follows.

| Production Dept. 1 | Production Dept. 2 | Maintenance | Stores |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 65,000$ | $\$ 60,000$ | $\$ 4,700$ | $\$ 5,800$ |

The following equations represent the reapportionment of each of the service department overheads to the other.
$M=4,700+0.1 S S=5,800+0.2 M$

Where $\mathrm{M}=$ total Maintenance overhead after reapportionment from Stores $\mathrm{S}=$ total Stores overhead after reapportionment from Maintenance $60 \%$ of the total Maintenance overhead and $50 \%$ of the total Stores overhead are to be apportioned to Production Department 1.

The total production overhead for Production Department 1 after reapportionment of the service departments $\backslash \backslash$ ' overhead costs is closest to:
A. $\$ 71,672$
B. $\$ 75,500$
C. $\$ 70,720$
D. $\$ 71,821$

Correct Answer: C

## QUESTION 5

The following data are available for a company that produces and sells a single product.
The companyl/'s opening finished goods inventory was 2,500 units.
The fixed overhead absorption rate is $\$ 8.00$ per unit.
The profit calculated using marginal costing is $\$ 16,000$.
The profit calculated using absorption costing and valuing its inventory at standard cost is $\$ 22,400$.
The companyl's closing finished goods inventory is:
A. 3,300 units
B. 1,700 units
C. 3,900 units
D. 8,900 units

Correct Answer: A

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