

A00-280^{Q&As}

SAS Certified Clinical Trials Programmer Using SAS 9

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QUESTION 1

A Statistical Analysis Plan defines study day as the number of days between the visit date and the date of randomization plus one day. The following SAS program is submitted using a macro from the project\library:

```
data VS_SD ;
  set VS ;
  label rdt = "Randomization Date" ;
  label vdt = "Visit Date" ;
  VSDY = %studyday(rdt,vdt) ;
run ;
```

How is the STUDYDAY macro defined?

- A. %MACRO studyday(rand, visit) ; andvdt. ?andrdt. + 1 %MEND studyday ;
- B. %MACRO studyday(rand=, visit=) ; andvdt. ?andrdt. + 1 %MEND studyday ;
- C. %MACRO studyday(rand, visit) ; andvisit. ?andrand. + 1 %MEND studyday ;
- D. %MACRO studyday(visit=, rand=) ; andvisit. ?andrand. + 1 %MEND studyday ;

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Given the data set WORK.BP with the following variable list:

#	Variable	Type	Len	Label
1	DIABP	Num	8	Diastolic Blood Pressure
2	PTNO	Char	4	Patient Number
3	SYSBP	Num	8	Systolic Blood Pressure

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
ods select ExtremeObs;
proc univariate data=WORK.BP;
  var DIABP;
  id PTNO;
run;
```

Which output will be created by the program?

A.

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
68	190	119	51

B.

Extreme Observations					
Lowest			Highest		
Value	PTNO	Obs	Value	PTNO	Obs
68	6007	190	119	2710	51

C.

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
62	129	112	60
63	8	114	4
63	133	114	147
65	22	115	287
68	190	119	51

D.

Extreme Observations					
Lowest			Highest		
Value	PTNO	Obs	Value	PTNO	Obs
62	5023	129	112	3020	60
63	1890	8	114	1701	4
63	5029	133	114	5109	147
65	2201	22	115	8077	287
68	6007	190	119	2710	51

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Given the following data set (AE):

subject	firstdt	aeterm	aestdt	day
001	28NOV2009	NOSEBLEED	27NOV2009	-1
001	28NOV2009	HEADACHE	03DEC2009	6
001	28NOV2009	FRACTURE	08DEC2009	11
001	28NOV2009	VOMITING	15DEC2009	18
002	13JAN2010	COUGH	13JAN2010	1
002	13JAN2010	FEVER	19JAN2010	7
002	13JAN2010	MIGRAINE	23JAN2010	11
002	13JAN2010	DIZZINESS	03FEB2010	22

Data will be reported by onset week. Day 1-7 is Week 1, Day 8-14 is Week 2. Events beyond Day 14 are assigned Week 3 and will be reported as Follow-up events.

Which statements properly assign WEEK to each event?

- A. if day > 14 then week = 3 ; else if day > 7 then week = 2 ; else if day > 0 then week = 1 ;
- B. if day > 0 then week = 1 ; else if day > 7 then week = 2 ; else if day > 14 then week = 3 ;
- C. select ; when (day > 0) week = 1 ; when (day > 7) week = 2 ; otherwise week = 3 ; end ;
- D. select ; when (day > 14) week = 3 ; when (day > 7) week = 2 ; otherwise week = 1 ; end ;

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

Which statement correctly adds a label to the data set?

- A. DATA two Label="Subjects having duplicate observations"; set one; run;
- B. DATA two; Label="Subjects having duplicate observations"; set one; run;
- C. DATA two; set one; Label dataset="Subjects having duplicate observations"; run;
- D. DATA two(Label="Subjects having duplicate observations"); set one; run;

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

Which statement correctly creates a SAS date variable from a character variable?

- A. sasdate = input(chardate,date9.);
- B. sasdate = \\'chardate\\'d;
- C. sasdate = put(chardate,date9.);
- D. sasdate = date(chardate,date9.);

Correct Answer: A

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