98-365 ^{Q&As}

Windows Server Administration Fundamentals

Pass Microsoft 98-365 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

https://www.leads4pass.com/98-365.html

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Microsoft Official Exam Center

🔧 **Instant Download** After Purchase

🔧 **100% Money Back** Guarantee

🔧 **365 Days** Free Update

🔧 **800,000+** Satisfied Customers

QUESTION 1

Which RAID level mirrors a set of disks and then stripes across the disks?

A. RAID 0

B. RAID 1

C. RAID 5

D. RAID 10

Correct Answer: D

A RAID 1+0, sometimes called RAID 1and0 or RAID 10. RAID 10 is a stripe of mirrors.

QUESTION 2

Which two components are required to configure a TCP/IP connection? (Choose two.)

A. Subnet mask

B. MAC address

C. IP address

D. Domain name

Correct Answer: AC

An IP address and a subnet mask.

QUESTION 3

You work as a System Administrator in SunInfo Inc. The company uses System Center Data Protection Manager 2012 R2 for data protection.

You want to protect data that is part of a Distributed File System (DFS) namespace hierarchy.

How will you select file shares for effective protection in this scenario?

A. By their server-specific local paths.

B. Through DNS namespace.

C. Through DFS namespace paths.

D. By selecting multiple targets.

Correct Answer: A

You can protect data in a Distributed File System (DFS) namespace hierarchy using DPM. However, you cannot select file shares for protection through their DFS namespace paths. You can select shares for protection by their server-specific local paths.

Incorrect Answers:

B: The Domain Name System (DNS) is a hierarchical naming system for computers, services, or any resource connected to the Internet or a private network.

C: DPM does not provide protection of shares through DFS namespace paths.

D: For effectively protecting data, if your namespace includes links or roots that have multiple targets with the same data, you should protect only one target.

QUESTION 4

What file is used to translate host names to IP addresses?

A. host file

B. lmhosts file

C. dns file

D. wins file

Correct Answer: A

Early TCP/IP networks used hosts (used with domain/hostnames associated with DNS) and lmhost (used with NetBIOS/computer names associated with WINS) files, which were text files that listed a name and its associated IP address.

QUESTION 5

You work as a Server Administrator for company Inc. The company has a Windows Active Directory-based single domain single forest network. The functional level of the forest is Windows Server 2016.

You are planning to create groups for assigning permissions.

Which of the following characteristics does the universal group have? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. (Choose two.)

A. It consists of global groups from multiple domains.

B. Members can only come from the local domain.

C. It has its memberships listed in the global catalog database.

D. Its members can access resources only from the local domain.

Correct Answer: AC

The universal group consists of global groups from multiple domains. It includes global groups, other universal groups,

and user accounts. The universal group has its memberships listed in the global catalog database. Global catalogs replicate universal group membership; therefore, an administrator must limit the membership to global groups.

Incorrect Answers:

B: In the universal group, members can come from any domain.

D: Members of the universal group can access resources from any domain.