



70-480^{Q&As}

Programming in HTML5 with JavaScript and CSS3

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QUESTION 1

You are developing an application that reads information from a file. The application must:

Execute a block of code if there is an error accessing the file

Execute a second block of code whether or not there is an error accessing the file

You need to ensure that the error handling requirements are met.

Which three statements should you implement in sequence? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Select and Place:

catch(e)
debug
throw
try
finally

Correct Answer:

try
catch(e)
finally

The fileopen statement is put within the try clause.

The catch(e) will catch a fileopen error.

The finally clause will be executed regardless of whether an error occurs in the try clause proceeding it



QUESTION 2

You develop a webpage by using HTML5. You create the following markup and code: (Line numbers are included for reference only.)

```
01 <head>
02   <script>
03     function removeInvalid(input) {
04
05     }
06   </script>
07 </head>
08 <body>
09   Given Name: <input type="text" id="GivenName" onblur="removeInvalid(this);" />
10   Surname: <input type="text" id="Surname" onblur="removeInvalid(this);" />
11 </body>
```

You need to ensure that the values that users enter are only numbers, letters, and underscores, regardless of the order. Which code segment should you insert at line 04?

- A.

```
if (!/^[A-Za-z0-9_]+$/.test(input.value))
    input.value = "Invalid";
```
- B.

```
if (!/[^A-Za-z0-9_]/.test(input.value))
    input.value = "Invalid";
```
- C.

```
var regEx = new RegExp("^\\w");
if (!input.value.match(regEx))
    input.value = "Invalid";
```
- D.

```
var regEx = "[\\w\\d]";
if (!input.value.match(regEx))
    input.value = "Invalid";
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: A

Example:



Sometimes situations arise when user should fill a single or more than one fields with alphabet characters (A-Z or a-z) in a HTML form. You can write a JavaScript form validation script to check whether the required field(s) in the HTML form contains only letters. ?

Javascript function to check for all letters in a field

view plainprint?

```
function allLetter(inputtxt) { var letters = /^[A-Za-z]+$/; if(inputtxt.value.match(letters)) { return true; } else { alert("message"); return false; } }
```

To get a string contains only letters (both uppercase or lowercase) we use a regular expression (`/^[A-Za-z]+$/`) which allows only letters. Next the `match()` method of string object is used to match the said regular expression against the input value.

Reference: <https://www.w3resource.com/javascript/form/all-letters-field.php>

QUESTION 3

You are developing a code-based solution to parse the contents of the XML file and display the information on the page.

The solution must work on both modern and older browsers.

You need to display the information from the XML file onto the page.

How should you create the JavaScript code? (Develop the solution by selecting the required code segments and arranging them in the correct order. You may not need all of the code segments.)

Select and Place:



You have a webpage that includes the following markup:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <script>
    </script>
  </head>
  <body onload="readXMLFile()">
    <div id="to"></div>
    <div id="from"></div>
    <div id="message"></div>
  </body>
</html>
```

An XML file named message.xml resides on a web server. The structure of the file is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<messages>
  <to>JHartone@contoso.com</to>
  <from>JDow@contoso.com</from>
  <message>Meeting is cancelled</message>
</messages>
```

You have a webpage that includes the following markup: An XML file named message.xml resides on a web server. The structure of the file is as follows:



Answer Area

```
document.getElementById("to").innerHTML =  
  xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("to")  
[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue;  
document.getElementById("from").innerHTML =  
  xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("from")  
[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue;  
document.getElementById("message").innerHTML  
=  
  xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("body")  
[0].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
```

```
xmlhttp = new ActiveXObject  
("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
```

```
else {
```

```
xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
```

```
xmlhttp.open("GET", "message.xml", false);
```

```
if (window.XMLHttpRequest)
```

```
xmlDoc = xmlhttp.responseXML;
```

```
function readXMLFile() {
```

```
xmlhttp.send();
```

Correct Answer:



Answer Area	
<pre>document.getElementById("to").innerHTML = xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("to") [0].childNodes[0].nodeValue; document.getElementById("from").innerHTML = xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("from") [0].childNodes[0].nodeValue; document.getElementById("message").innerHTML = xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("body") [0].childNodes[0].nodeValue;</pre>	<pre>if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {</pre>
<pre>xmlhttp = new ActiveXObject ("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");</pre>	<pre>xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();}</pre>
<pre>else {</pre>	<pre>else {</pre>
<pre>xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();}</pre>	<pre>xmlhttp = new ActiveXObject ("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");}</pre>
<pre>xmlhttp.open("GET", "message.xml", false);</pre>	<pre>xmlhttp.open("GET", "message.xml", false);</pre>
<pre>if (window.XMLHttpRequest)</pre>	<pre>xmlhttp.send();</pre>
<pre>xmlDoc = xmlhttp.responseXML;</pre>	<pre>xmlDoc = xmlhttp.responseXML;</pre>
<pre>function readXMLFile() {</pre>	
<pre>xmlhttp.send();</pre>	

Parse an XML Document

Example. The following code fragment parses an XML document into an XML DOM object:

```
if (window.XMLHttpRequest)
{
// code for IE7+, Firefox, Chrome, Opera, Safari
xmlhttp=new XMLHttpRequest();
}
else
{
// code for IE6, IE5
xmlhttp=new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
}
xmlhttp.open("GET","books.xml",false);
```



```
xmlhttp.send();
```

```
xmlDoc=xmlhttp.responseXML;
```

QUESTION 4

You are developing an HTML5 page that includes several paragraph elements.

You have the following requirements:

Add a drop shadow that is one inch below the text in the paragraph

Set the radius of the drop shadow to five pixels

You need to style the paragraphs to meet the requirements.

Which CSS style should you use?

- A. text-shadow: 72pt 0pt 5pt
- B. text-shadow: 5px 1in 0px;
- C. text-shadow: 72pt 5em 0px
- D. text-shadow: 72pt 0em 5px;

Correct Answer: D

D is the most correct.

Reference: CSS Text Module Level 3 <http://www.w3.org/TR/css3-text/#text-shadow>

Note: All options are incorrect nearest correct answers are B or D. #obj {text-shadow: ; } +n right -n left +n bottom -n top
1 inch below means is 1in or 72 pt Hence actually answer must be 0px, 1in, 5px or 0px, 72pt, 5px

QUESTION 5

You are modifying a blog site to improve search engine readability.

You need to group relevant page content together to maximize search engine readability.

Which tag should you use?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Correct Answer: B



The tag specifies independent, self-contained content.

An article should make sense on its own and it should be possible to distribute it independently from the rest of the site.

Potential sources for the element:

Forum post Blog post News story Comment

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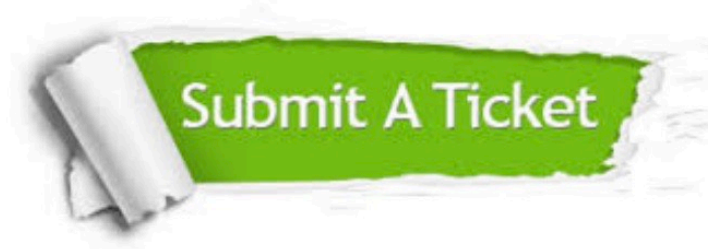
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