



70-433^{Q&As}

TS: Microsoft SQL Server 2008, Database Development

Pass Microsoft 70-433 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.lead4pass.com/70-433.html>

100% Passing Guarantee
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Microsoft
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers





QUESTION 1

You have two tables named `dbo.CurrentProducts` and `dbo.ArchiveProducts`.

You have the following query: `SELECT ProductID, Name FROM dbo.CurrentProducts UNION ALL SELECT ProductID, Name FROM dbo.ArchiveProducts;`

You need to predict the list of products that the query will produce.

Which list of products should the query return?

- A. Products that appear in `dbo.CurrentProducts` or `dbo.ArchiveProducts` but not in both.
- B. Products that have a matching `ProductID` and `Name` in `dbo.CurrentProducts` or `dbo.ArchiveProducts`.
- C. Products that appear in `dbo.CurrentProducts` or `dbo.ArchiveProducts`. Products that appear in both tables are listed only once.
- D. Products that appear in `dbo.CurrentProducts` or `dbo.ArchiveProducts`. Products that appear in both tables are listed multiple times.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 2

You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 database that includes a table named `Products`. The `Products` table has the following schema:

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.Products
(
    ProductID nchar(4) NOT NULL,
    ProductName nvarchar(50) NULL,
    ProductDescription nvarchar(50) NULL,
    UnitCost money NULL,
    UnitPrice money NULL,
    CONSTRAINT PK_Products PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
    (
        ProductID ASC
    )
)
GO
```

You create a User-Defined Function (UDF) in the same database. The UDF has the following schema:



```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4))
RETURNS Money
WITH SCHEMABINDING
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @Profit Money;
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;
    RETURN @Profit;
END
```

You need to meet the following requirements:

Ensure that the UnitPrice column does not accept NULL values.

Use the CalculateProductProfit() UDF.

Avoid accidental drop or change of the Product table.

Which three Transact-SQL statements should you use? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange

them in the correct order.)

Select and Place:



```
DROP TABLE Products
```

```
DROP FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit
```

```
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice  
Money NULL
```

```
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice  
Money NOT NULL
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
WITH SCHEMABINDING  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
    dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
    dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
WITH SCHEMABINDING  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
    Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

Correct Answer:



```
DROP TABLE Products
```

```
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice  
Money NULL
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
WITH SCHEMABINDING  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

```
DROP FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit
```

```
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice  
Money NOT NULL
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit  
(@ProductID nchar(4))  
RETURNS Money  
WITH SCHEMABINDING  
AS  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE @Profit Money;  
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM  
dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;  
    RETURN @Profit;  
END
```

QUESTION 3

You want to delete a User-Defined Function (UDF) named `ufnGetProductListPrice` from the AdventureWorks2008R2 database. You need to perform the following

tasks before executing `DROP FUNCTION` on `ufnGetProductListPrice`:

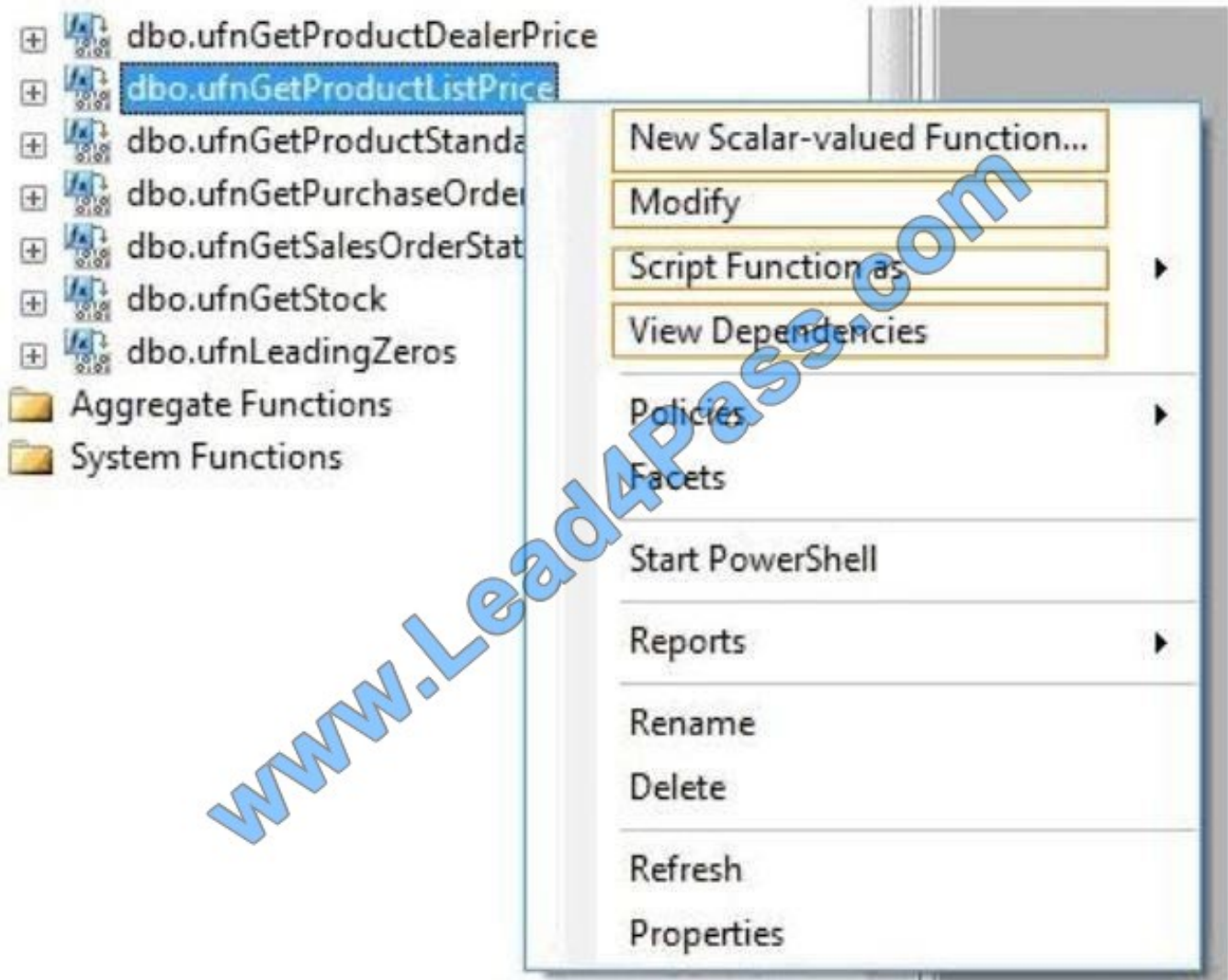
View a list of objects that depend on `ufnGetProductListPrice`. View a list of objects on which `ufnGetProductListPrice` depends.



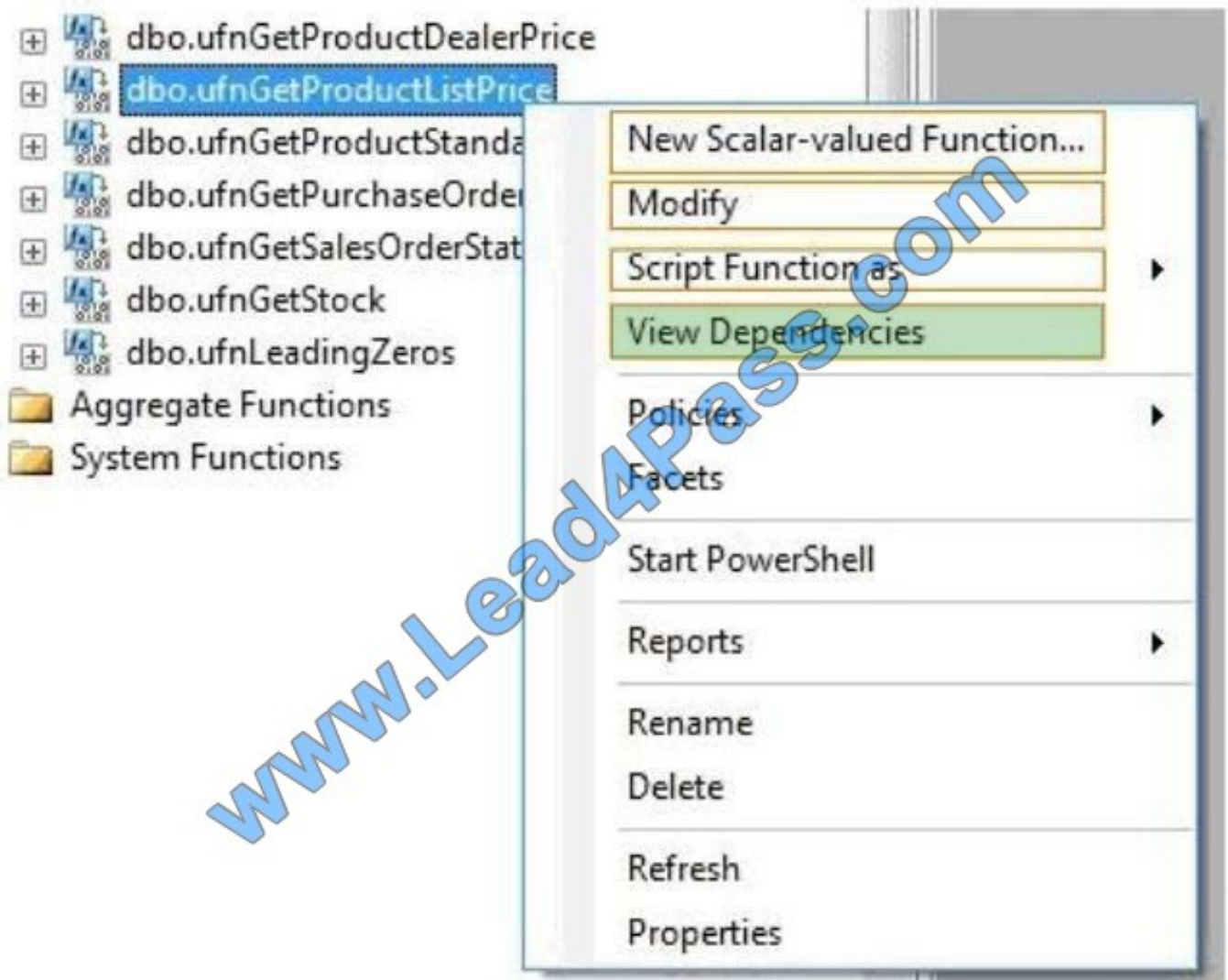
What should you do? (To answer, select the appropriate option or options in the answer area.)

Point and Shoot:

Hot Area:



Correct Answer:

**QUESTION 4**

You have a third-party application that inserts data directly into a table. You add two new columns to the table. These columns cannot accept NULL values and cannot use default constraints. You need to ensure that the new columns do not break the third-party application.

What should you do?

- A. Create a DDL trigger.
- B. Create a stored procedure.
- C. Create an AFTER INSERT trigger.
- D. Create an INSTEAD OF INSERT trigger.

Correct Answer: D

**QUESTION 5**

A table named Contacts includes a column named SmtetAddress.

You must develop a report that returns e-mail addresses from the Contacts table that have the following format: at least one character, the at sign (@), at least one character, and then ".org". You need to return data that meets the requirements.

Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. `Select * from Contacts where SmtetAddress like '\\%@%[.]org\\'`
- B. `Select * from Contacts where SmtetAddress like '_%@_%.org\\'`
- C. `Select * from Contacts where SmtetAddress like '_%@_%.org\\'`
- D. `Select * from Contacts where SmtetAddress like '\\%@%.org\\'`

Correct Answer: B

[Latest 70-433 Dumps](#)

[70-433 VCE Dumps](#)

[70-433 Practice Test](#)



To Read the [Whole Q&As](#), please purchase the [Complete Version](#) from [Our website](#).

Try our product !

100% Guaranteed Success

100% Money Back Guarantee

365 Days Free Update

Instant Download After Purchase

24x7 Customer Support

Average 99.9% Success Rate

More than 800,000 Satisfied Customers Worldwide

Multi-Platform capabilities - [Windows](#), [Mac](#), [Android](#), [iPhone](#), [iPod](#), [iPad](#), [Kindle](#)

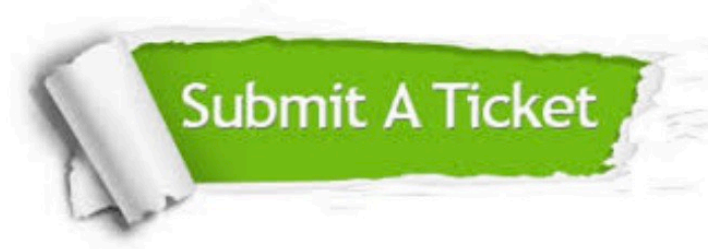
We provide exam PDF and VCE of Cisco, Microsoft, IBM, CompTIA, Oracle and other IT Certifications. You can view Vendor list of All Certification Exams offered:

<https://www.lead4pass.com/allproducts>

Need Help

Please provide as much detail as possible so we can best assist you.

To update a previously submitted ticket:



 <p>One Year Free Update Free update is available within One Year after your purchase. After One Year, you will get 50% discounts for updating. And we are proud to boast a 24/7 efficient Customer Support system via Email.</p>	 <p>Money Back Guarantee To ensure that you are spending on quality products, we provide 100% money back guarantee for 30 days from the date of purchase.</p>	 <p>Security & Privacy We respect customer privacy. We use McAfee's security service to provide you with utmost security for your personal information & peace of mind.</p>
---	---	--

Any charges made through this site will appear as Global Simulators Limited.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Copyright © lead4pass, All Rights Reserved.