



70-433^{Q&As}

TS: Microsoft SQL Server 2008, Database Development

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QUESTION 1

You are tasked to create a table that has a column that must store the current time accurate to ten microseconds.

You need to use a system function in conjunction with the DEFAULT option in the column definition.

Which system function should you use?

- A. DATEADD
- B. GETUTCDATE
- C. SYSDATETIME
- D. CURRENT_TIMESTAMP

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

You are a developer for a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 database instance. You create tables named order, customer, and product as follows:

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[order]
([OrderID] [int],
 [ProductID] [int],
 [CustomerID] [int],
 [OrderDate] [datetime]);

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[customer]
([CustomerID] [int],
 [CustomerName] [varchar](100),
 [Address] [varchar](200),
 [City] [varchar](100),
 [State] [varchar](50),
 [ZipCode] [varchar](5));

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[product]
([ProductID] [int],
 [ProductName] [varchar](100),
 [SalePrice] [money],
 [ManufacturerName] [varchar](100)
```



You need to write a query to return all customer names and total number of orders for customers who have placed more than 10 orders. Which SQL query should you use?



- A. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
p.ProductName,
SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID INNER JOIN
customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((c.CustomerName, p.ProductName), ());
- B. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
p.ProductName,
SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID INNER JOIN
customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((c.CustomerName), (p.ProductName), ());
- C. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
COUNT(o.OrderID) AS Orders
FROM
customer c INNER JOIN
[order] o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
WHERE
COUNT(o.OrderID) > 10
GROUP BY
c.CustomerName;
- D. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
COUNT(o.OrderID) AS Orders
FROM
customer c INNER JOIN
[order] o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
GROUP BY
c.CustomerName
HAVING
COUNT(o.OrderID) > 10;
- E. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
AVG(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID INNER JOIN
customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
WHERE
o.OrderDate > '09/01/2011'
GROUP BY
c.CustomerName
HAVING
AVG(p.SalePrice) >= 500
- F. SELECT
c.CustomerName,
AVG(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID INNER JOIN
customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
WHERE
o.OrderDate > '09/01/2011' AND
AVG(p.SalePrice) >= 500
- G. SELECT
p.ProductName,
DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate) OrderMonth,
SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID
GROUP BY CUBE (p.ProductName, DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate));
- H. SELECT
p.ProductName,
DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate) OrderMonth,
SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
product p INNER JOIN
[order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID
GROUP BY CUBE;





A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H.

I.

```
SELECT
  p.ProductName,
  DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate) OrderMonth,
  SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
  product p INNER JOIN
  [order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductName, OrderMonth;
```

J.

```
SELECT
  p.ProductName,
  DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate) OrderMonth,
  SUM(p.SalePrice) AS Sales
FROM
  product p INNER JOIN
  [order] o ON p.ProductID = o.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductName, DATEPART(mm, o.OrderDate);
```

I. J.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 database instance named AdventureWorks. A user who has the db_datareader permissions on the AdventureWorks database wants to view the estimated execution plan XML output document for the following query: `SELECT * FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader WHERE OnlineOrderFlag = 1 AND SubTotal > 500` You need to ensure that the user can view the document. Which two actions should you perform in sequence? (To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Select and Place:



Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT SHOWPLAN
```

Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT EXECUTE ON XML SCHEMA COLLECTION
```

Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT SELECT ON  
OBJECT::Sales.SalesOrderHeader
```

Request the user to run the following command:

```
SET STATISTICS IO ON
```

Request the user to run the following command:

```
SET STATISTICS XML ON
```

Correct Answer:

Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT EXECUTE ON XML SCHEMA COLLECTION
```

Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT SELECT ON  
OBJECT::Sales.SalesOrderHeader
```

Request the user to run the following command:

```
SET STATISTICS XML ON
```

Grant the following permission to the user:

```
GRANT SHOWPLAN
```

Request the user to run the following command:

```
SET STATISTICS IO ON
```

QUESTION 4

You have implemented change tracking on a table named Sales.SalesOrder. You need to determine all columns that have changed since the minimum valid version.

Which function should you use?



- A. CHANGE_TRACKING_CURRENT_VERSION
- B. CHANGE_TRACKING_IS_COLUMN_IN_MASK
- C. CHANGETABLE with the CHANGES argument
- D. CHANGETABLE with the VERSION argument

Correct Answer: C

```
CHANGETABLE (  
{ CHANGES table , last_sync_version  
| VERSION table , } )  
[AS] table_alias [ ( column_alias [ ,...n ] )  
CHANGES table , last_sync_version
```

Returns tracking information for all changes to a table that have occurred since the version that is specified by last_sync_version.

```
VERSION table, { }
```

Returns the latest change tracking information for a specified row. Primary key values must identify the row.

identifies the primary key columns and specifies the values.

QUESTION 5

You are using SQL Server Profiler to gather deadlock information.

You need to capture an XML description of a deadlock.

Which event should you use?

- A. Lock:Deadlock
- B. Showplan XML
- C. Deadlock Graph
- D. Lock:Deadlock Chain

Correct Answer: C

The Lock:Deadlock event class is produced when an attempt to acquire a lock is canceled because the attempt was part of a deadlock and was chosen as the deadlock victim. Use the Lock:Deadlock event class to monitor when deadlocks

occur and which objects are involved. You can use this information to determine if deadlocks are significantly affecting the performance of your application.

You can then examine the application code to determine if you can make changes to minimize deadlocks. The Deadlock



Graph event class provides an XML description of a deadlock. This class occurs simultaneously with the Lock:Deadlock event class. The Lock:Deadlock Chain event class is produced for each participant in a deadlock.

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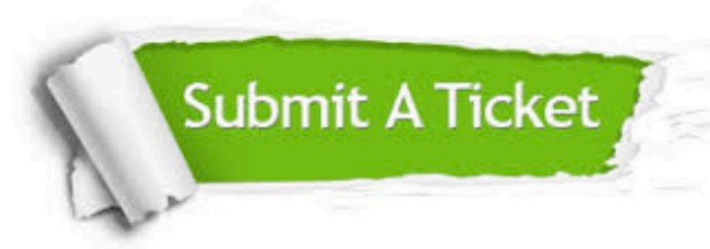
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