# **301B**<sup>Q&As</sup>

BIG-IP Local Traffic Manager (LTM) Specialist: Maintain & Troubleshoot

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### **QUESTION 1**

-- Exhibit

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#### Capture through LTM device

```
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on External, link-type ENLOMB (Ethernet), capture size 96 bytes

16:52:54.866907 IP 192.168.1.1.6789 > 192.168.1.211.443: $2995699259:2995699259(0) win 8192 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 2,nop,nop,sackoK>
16:52:54.866974 IP 192.168.1.211.443 > 192.168.1.1.6789: $2305990363:2305990363(0) ack 2995699260 win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:52:54.868417 IP 192.168.1.1.6789 > 192.168.1.211.443: ack 1 win 16425
16:52:54.868427 IP 192.168.1.1.6789 > 192.168.1.211.443: P 1:105(104) ack 1 win 16425
16:52:54.868451 IP 192.168.1.1.6789 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155:236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:52:54.868457 IP 192.168.1.211.443 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155:236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:52:57.869207 IP 192.168.1.211.443 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155:236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:53:01.068627 IP 192.168.1.144.6789 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155:236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:53:01.068627 IP 192.168.1.144.6789 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,nop,wscale 0,sackoK,eol>
16:53:07.468781 IP 192.168.1.144.6789 > 192.168.10.80.443: $236216155:236216155(0) win 4380 <mss 1460,sackoK,eol>
```

#### Capture direct to application server

```
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode listening on eth1, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 96 bytes
```

#### Trace direct to application server

Started ^	Time Chart	1	Time	Sent	Received	Method	Result	Type	URL
00:00:00.000	This page (index.html) is from Se	rver 1				***************************************			
+ 0.000		!	9.140	278	2480	GET	200	<b>2</b>	http://srv1.example.com/
+ 9.144		1	9.134	336	5079	GET	200		http://srv1.example.com/header.gif
+9.146			9.266	334	19307	GET	200		http://srv1.example.com/left.gif
+ 9.147		1	9.232	335	14644	GET	200	<b></b>	http://srv1.example.com/right.gif
+ 9, 149		1	9.189	336	4192	GET	200	<b>=</b>	http://srv1.example.com/footer.jpg
	0.105	10 414 - 1	10 412	1610	45702	Examinate			

#### Trace through LTM device



```
Itm virtual VS_HTTP {
    destination 10.10.17.100:http
    ip-protocol tcp
    mask 255.255.255.255
    pool Pool_HTTP
    profiles {
        customHTTP {
            tcp {}
            } vlans-disabled

}

Itm pool Pool_HTTP {
        members {
            172.16.20.1:http {
                address 172.16.20.1
            }
}

Itm profile http customHTTP {
            address 172.16.20.1
            }
}

Itm profile http customHTTP {
            app-service none
            defaults-from http
            encrypt-cookies none
            fallback-host none
            fallback-host none
            fallback-status-codes none
            header-insert none
            insert-xforwarded-for disabled
            lws-separator none
            lws-separator none
            lws-requests 0
            oneconnect-transformations enabled
            pripelining enabled
            reduced-transformations enabled
            reduced-transf
```

```
ltm virtual VS_HTTP {
    destination 10.10.17.100:http
    ip-protocol tcp
mask 255,255.255.255
    pool Pool_HTTP
    profiles
        http { }
        tcp { }
    snat automap
    vlans-disabled
tm pool Pool HTTP {
    members
        172.16.20.1:http {
             address 172.16.20.1
        172.16.20.2:http {
             address 172.16.20.2
        172.16.20.3:http {
             address 172.16.20.3
    }
```

-- Exhibit -Refer to the exhibits.

An LTM Specialist is troubleshooting an application configured on an LTM device on a one- armed configuration. The application is NOT working through the LTM device but does work when accessed directly via the application servers. The

virtual server 192.168.1.211:443 is configured to SNAT using the address 192.168.1.144 and references a pool with the member 192.168.10.80:443. No Client or Server SSL profiles are associated. The LTM Specialist has collected two traffic

captures to help determine the issue.

What is the problem with the configuration on the LTM device?

- A. Pool member is configured to use wrong port.
- B. Pool member is configured for SSL off-loading.
- C. Virtual server is configured to use wrong port.
- D. Virtual server is configured without SSL Profiles.

Correct Answer: A

#### **QUESTION 2**

An LTM Specialist is troubleshooting an issue with a new virtual server. When connecting through the virtual server, clients receive the message "Unable to connect" in the browser, although connections directly to the pool member show the



application is functioning correctly. The LTM configuration is: ltm virtual /Common/vs\_https { destination /Common/10.10.1.110:443 ip-protocol udp mask 255.255.255.255 pool /Common/pool\_https profiles { /Common/udp { } } translate-address enabled translate-port enabled vlans-disabled } ltm pool /Common/pool\_https { members { /Common/172.16.20.1:443 { address 172.16.20.1 } } } How should the LTM Specialist resolve this issue? A. Remove an HTTP monitor from the pool. B. Add an HTTP profile to the virtual server. C. Enable the pool member on the correct VLAN. D. Select the correct protocol for the virtual server.

Correct Answer: D



#### **QUESTION 3**

-- Exhibit

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; rv:16.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/16.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
DNT: 1
Connection: keep-alive
HTTP/1.1 302 Moved Temporarily
Content-Length: 0
Location: https://www.example.com
Date: Tue, 23 Oct 2012 18:05:57 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.22 (FreeBSD) PHP/5.4.4 mod ssl/2.2.22 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Type: text/html
Set-Cookie: sessionid=a4531785-7012-46aa-b5fe-a54be482b61a; path=/
```

-- Exhibit -Refer to the exhibit.

An LTM Specialist is performing an HTTP trace on the client side of the LTM device and notices there are many undesired headers being sent by the server in the response. The LTM Specialist wants to remove all response headers except

"Set-Cookie" and "Location."

How should the LTM Specialist modify the HTTP profile to remove undesired headers from the HTTP response?

- A. Enter the desired header names in the \\'Request Header Insert\\' field.
- B. Enter the undesired header names in the \\'Request Header Erase\\' field.
- C. Enter the undesired header names in the \\'Response Header Erase\\' field.
- D. Enter the desired header names in the \\'Response Headers Allowed\\' field.

Correct Answer: D

#### **QUESTION 4**

A high-availability (HA) pair configuration uses only the hardwire serial cable connection to determine device state. A power outage occurs to the PDU powering the active unit. The standby unit takes over the active role as expected.

How is the peer unit able to determine the active unit is unavailable?

A. voltage loss on serial cable



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- B. no data stream received on serial port
- C. no response on management interface
- D. no heartbeat packets received on self IPs

Correct Answer: A

#### **QUESTION 5**

-- Exhibit

```
Monitor definition:
ltm monitor http test2 {
                   defaults-from http
                   destination *:*
                   interval 5
                   recv "200 OK"
                   \label{lem:comple} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begi
                   time-until-up 0
                    timeout 16
1
HTTP Headers from tcpdump:
GET /webmail HTTP/1.1
Host: webmail.example.com
Connection: close
HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
Date: Tue, 16 Oct 2012 20:23:22 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.3 (CentOS)
Location: http://webmail.example.com/webmail/
Content-Length: 327
Connection: close
```

-- Exhibit -Refer to the exhibit.

An HTTP monitor always marks the nodes in the pool as down. The monitor\\'s definition and the HTTP headers from the monitor request and response are provided.

What is the issue?

- A. The response is compressed.
- B. The send string is incorrect.
- C. The monitor timeout is too short.
- D. The monitor is NOT configured to follow the redirect.

Correct Answer: B



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