

## 300-730<sup>Q&As</sup>

Implementing Secure Solutions with Virtual Private Networks (SVPN)

### Pass Cisco 300-730 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers **PDF** and **VCE** file from:

<https://www.leads4pass.com/300-730.html>

100% Passing Guarantee  
100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Cisco  
Official Exam Center

-  **Instant Download** After Purchase
-  **100% Money Back** Guarantee
-  **365 Days** Free Update
-  **800,000+** Satisfied Customers



**QUESTION 1**

A network engineer is configuring a server. The router will terminate encrypted VPN connections on g0/0, which is in the VRF "Internet". The clear-text traffic that must be encrypted before being sent out traverses g0/1, which is in the VRF "Internal". Which two VRF-specific configurations allow VPN traffic to traverse the VRF-aware interfaces? (Choose two.)

- A. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the ivrf Internal command.
- B. Under the virtual-template interface, add the ip vrf forwarding Internet command.
- C. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the match fvr Internal command.
- D. Under the IKEv2 profile, add the match fvr Internet command.
- E. Under the virtual-template interface, add the tunnel vrf Internet command.

Correct Answer: DE

**QUESTION 2**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
ISAKMP: (0):beginning Main Mode exchange
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM1 New State = IKE_I_MM2
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (0):local pre-shared key found
ISAKMP: (0):Checking ISAKMP transform 1 against priority 10 policy
ISAKMP: (0):      encryption AES-CBC
ISAKMP: (0):      keylength of 256
ISAKMP: (0):      hash SHA256
ISAKMP: (0):      default group 14
ISAKMP: (0):      auth pre-share
ISAKMP: (0):      life type in seconds
ISAKMP: (0):      life duration (basic) of 1200
ISAKMP: (0):atts are acceptable. Next payload is 0
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM2 New State = IKE_I_MM3
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM3 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (1005):pre-shared key authentication using id type ID_IPV4_ADDR
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM5
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting phase 1 MM_KEY_EXCH...
ISAKMP: (1005):: incrementing error counter on sa, attempt 1 of 5: retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
```

A site-to-site tunnel between two sites is not coming up. Based on the debugs, what is the cause of this issue?

- A. An authentication failure occurs on the remote peer.
- B. A certificate fragmentation issue occurs between both sides.
- C. UDP 4500 traffic from the peer does not reach the router.
- D. An authentication failure occurs on the router.

Correct Answer: C

---

**QUESTION 3**

Which configuration construct must be used in a FlexVPN tunnel?

- A. EAP configuration
- B. multipoint GRE tunnel interface
- C. IKEv1 policy
- D. IKEv2 profile

Correct Answer: D

---

**QUESTION 4**

Which two statements about the Cisco ASA Clientless SSL VPN solution are true? (Choose two.)

- A. When a client connects to the Cisco ASA WebVPN portal and tries to access HTTP resources through the URL bar, the client uses the local DNS to perform FQDN resolution.
- B. The `rewriter enable` command under the global `webvpn` configuration enables the rewriter functionality because that feature is disabled by default.
- C. A Cisco ASA can simultaneously allow Clientless SSL VPN sessions and AnyConnect client sessions.
- D. When a client connects to the Cisco ASA WebVPN portal and tries to access HTTP resources through the URL bar, the ASA uses its configured DNS servers to perform FQDN resolution.
- E. Clientless SSLVPN provides Layer 3 connectivity into the secured network.

Correct Answer: CD

---

**QUESTION 5**

What is a requirement for smart tunnels to function properly?

- A. Java or ActiveX must be enabled on the client machine.

- B. Applications must be UDP.
- C. Stateful failover must not be configured.
- D. The user on the client machine must have admin access.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/asa-5500-x-series-next-generation-firewalls/111007-smart-tunnel-asa-00.html>

[Latest 300-730 Dumps](#)

[300-730 PDF Dumps](#)

[300-730 Practice Test](#)