

1Z0-883^{Q&As}

MySQL 5.6 Database Administrator

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QUESTION 1

Consider the following statement on a RANGE partitioned table:

```
ALTER TABLE orders DROP PARTITION p1, p3;
```

What is the outcome of executing the above statement?

- A. Only the first partition (p1) will be dropped as only one can be dropped at any time.
- B. All data in p1 and p3 partitions are removed, but the table definition remains unchanged.
- C. A syntax error will result as you cannot specify more than one partition in the same statement.
- D. All data in p1 and p3 partitions are removed and the table definition is changed.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

You have enabled the Slow Query Log for a short period.

When you process the Slow Query Log, you receive the following snippet of output:

```
Count: 100 Time=0.22a (22s) Lock=0.00s (0s) Rows=0.0 (0), root[root] @localhost CREATE TABLE
```

```
`t1` (id serial, id0 varchar(N) unique key, intcol1 INT(N), intcol2 INT(N), intcol3 INT(N), intcol4 INT
```

```
(N), intcol5 INT(N), charcol1 VARCHAR(N), charcol2 VARCHAR(N), charcol3 VARCHAR(N), charcol4 VARCHAR(N),  
charcol5 VARCHAR(N), charcol6 VARCHAR(N), charcol7 VARCHAR(N), charcol8 VARCHAR(N), charcol9 VARCHAR  
(N), charcol10 VARCHAR(N))
```

```
Count: 64000 Time=0.02s (1213s) Lock=0.00s (6s) Rows=1.0 (64000), root[root]@localhost SELECT intcol1, intcol2,  
intcol3, intcol4, intcol5, intcol6, intcol7, intcol8, intcol9, intcol10, charcol1, charcol2, charcol3, charcol4, charcol5,  
charcol6, charcol7, charcol8, charcol9, charcol10 FROM t1 WHERE id = 's'
```

```
Count: 1 Time=0.02s (0s) Lock=0.00s (0s) Rows=1.0 (1) agent[agent] @localhost SELECT Select_priv,  
Repl_client_priv, Show_db_priv, Super_priv, Process_priv FROM mysql.user WHERE CONCAT(user, `s`, host) =  
CURRENT_USER() Count: 48000 Time=0.02s (778s) Lock=0.00 (3s) Rows=1.0 (48000), root[root]@localhost  
SELECT intcol1, intcol2, intcol3, intcol4, intcol5, charcol1, charcol2, charcol3, charcol4, charcol5, charcol6,  
charcol7, charcol8, charcol9, charcol10 FROM t1 WHERE id = 's'
```

You want to tune the query such that it provides the greatest overall time savings.

Which query will accomplish this?

- A.

```
CHEATE TABLE `t1` (id serial, id0 varchar(N) unique key, intcol1 INT(N), intcol2 INT(N), intcol3 INT  
(N), intcol4 INT(N), intcol5 INT(N), charcol1 VARCHAR(N)  
, charcol2 VARCHAR(N), charcol3 VARCHAR(N), charcol4 VARCHAR(N), charcol5 VARCHAR(N)  
, charcol6 VARCHAR(N), charcol7 VARCHAR(N), charcol8 VARCHAR(N), charcol9 VARCHAR(N)
```

,charcol10 VARCHAR (N);

B. SELECT intcol1, intcol2, intcol3, intcol4, intcol5, intcol6, intcol7, intcol8, intcol9, Intcol10, intcol11, intcol12, intcol13, intcol14, intcol15, intcol16, intcol17, intcol18, intcol19, charcol10 FROM t1 WHERE id = `s`;

C. SELECT Select_priv, Repl_client_priv, Show_db_priv, Super_priv, Process_priv FROM mysql.user WHERE CONCAT (user,`\s`, host) = CURRENT_USER();

D. SELECT intcol1, intcol2, intcol3, intcol4, intcol5, charcol1, charcol2, charcol3, charcol4, charcol5, charcol6, charcol7, charcol8, charcol9, charcol10 FROM t1 WHERE id = `s`;

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Which hardware storage option, when set up with redundant disks, offers the least stability, availability, and reliability for Mysql data?

A. RAID 5

B. iSCSI

C. SAN (Storage Area Network)

D. NFS (Networked File System)

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

You are attempting to secure a MySQL server by using SSL encryption.

On starting MySQL, you get this error:

```
130123 10:38:02 [ERROR] mysqld: unknown option `--ssl`
```

What is the cause of the error?

A. The --- ssl level was not specified.

B. The server was not started with the enable--ssl-plugin option.

C. -- ssl is not a valid server option.

D. The mysqld binary was not compiled with SSL support.

E. The server's SSL certificate was invalid.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 5

ROW-based replication has stopped working. You investigate the error log file and find the following entries:

```
2013-08-27 14:15:47 9056 [ERROR] Slave SQL: Could not execute Delete_rows event on table test.t1; Can't find record in `t1`, Error_code: 1032; handler error HA_ERR_KEY_NOT_FOUND; the event's master log 56_master-bin.000003, end_log_pos 851, Error_code: 1032 2013-08-27 14:15:47 9056 [warning] Slave: Can't find record in `t1` Error_code: 1032 2013-08-27 14:15:47 9056 [ERROR] Error running query, slave SQL thread aborted. Fix the problem, and restart the slave SQL thread with "SLAVE START". We stopped at log `56_master- bin. 000003` position 684
```

Why did you receive this error?

- A. The slave SQL thread does not have DELETE privileges to execute on test.t1 table.s
- B. The table definition on the slave -litters from the master.
- C. Multi-threaded replication slaves can have temporary errors occurring for cross database updates.
- D. The slave SQL thread attempted to remove a row from the test.t1 table, but the row did not exist.

Correct Answer: D

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