



# 1Z0-813<sup>Q&As</sup>

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### QUESTION 1

Given the code fragment:

```
//line n1  
Double d = str.average().getAsDouble();  
System.out.println("Average = " + d);
```

Which should be inserted into the line n1 to print Average = 2.5?

- A. Stream str = Stream.of(1, 2, 3, 4);
- B. IntStream str = IntStream.of(1, 2, 3, 4);
- C. DoubleStream str = Stream.of(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
- D. IntStream str = Stream.of(1, 2, 3, 4)

Correct Answer: B

Use IntStream.

Reference: <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/stream/IntStream.html>

### QUESTION 2

Given the code fragment:

```
List<Integer> codes = Arrays.asList(10, 20);  
UnaryOperator<Double> uo = s -> s + 10.0 ;  
codes.replaceAll(uo);  
codes.forEach(c -> System.out.println(c));
```

What is the result?

- A. A compilation error occurs.
- B. 20.0
- C. 10
- D. A NumberFormatException is thrown at run time.

Correct Answer: A

The compilation fails due the to following line: codes.replaceAll(uo);



Incompatible types: Double cannot be converted into integer.

### QUESTION 3

Given the code fragment:

```
List<Interger> nums = new ArrayList<>();  
nums.add(100);  
nums.add(200);  
// line n1  
nums.replaceAll(funIntf);  
System.out.println(nums);
```

Which code fragment, when inserted at line n1, enables the code to print [500,1000]?

- A. Function funIntf = n -> n \* 5;
- B. Consumer funIntf = n -> n \* 5;
- C. UnaryOperator funIntf = n -> n \* 5;
- D. IntFuction funIntf = n -> n \* 5;

Correct Answer: C

### QUESTION 4

Given the code fragment:

```
1. Integer[] numberArray = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 };  
2. List<Integer> listOfNumbers =  
3.   new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(numberArray));  
4. List<Integer> myList =  
5.   Collections.synchronizedList (new ArrayList<>());  
6. listOfNumbers  
7.   .parallelStream()  
8.   .map(e -> { myList.add(e); return e;})  
9.   .forEachOrdered(e -> System.out.print(e + " "));  
10. System.out.println();  
11. myList  
12. .stream()  
13. .forEach(e -> System.out.print(e + " "));
```

What change must you make to enable the code to print the following output? 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

- A. Replace line 8 with .peek(e -> { myList.add(e); }).



- B. Replace line 7 with .stream().
- C. Replace line 12 with .parallelStream().
- D. Replace line 13 with .forEachOrdered(e -> System.out.print(e + " "));.

Correct Answer: B

Incorrect Answers:

A: Uncompilable source code - Erroneous sym type at line forEachOrdered(e -> System.out.print(e + " "));

## QUESTION 5

Given the code fragments:

```
class Book {  
    String bname;  
    double price;  
    public Book(String bname, double price) {  
        this.bname = bname;  
        this.price = price;  
    }  
    // setter and getter methods go here  
}
```

and

```
10. List<Book> books = new ArrayList<Book>();  
11. books.add(new Book("Java SE", 300));  
12. books.add(new Book("Java ME", 120));  
13. books.stream().filter(b -> b.getBname()  
14. .equals("Java SE"))  
15. .forEach(b -> b.setPrice(2000));  
16. books.forEach(b -> System.out.println(b.name + ":" + b.price));
```

What is the result?

- A. Java SE:2000.0 Java ME:120.0
- B. Java SE:300.0 Java ME:120.0
- C. Compilation fails due to an error at line 15.
- D. Compilation fails due to an error at line 16.

Correct Answer: D



Uncompilable source code - Erroneous tree type: at line: books.forEach(b -> System.out.println(b.name + ":" + b.price));

To make the code compile we would change the name reference to bname: books.forEach(b -> System.out.println(b.bname + ":" + b.price));

Note: To make the code work we would need setter and getter methods:

```
public String getBname() {return bname }  
public SetPrice(double price) {this.price = price}
```

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