



# 1Z0-803<sup>Q&As</sup>

Java SE 7 Programmer I

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### QUESTION 1

Given the code fragment

```
class Test2 {  
    int fvar;  
    static int cvar;  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Test2 t = new Test2();  
        // insert code here to write field variables  
    }  
}
```



Which code fragments, inserted independently, enable the code compile?

- A. t.fvar = 200;
- B. cvar = 400;
- C. fvar = 200; cvar = 400;
- D. this.fvar = 200; this.cvar = 400;
- E. t.fvar = 200; Test2.cvar = 400;
- F. this.fvar = 200; Test2.cvar = 400;

Correct Answer: B

### QUESTION 2

Given:



```
public class SuperTest {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        statement1
        statement2
        statement3
    }
}

class Shape {
    public Shape() {
        System.out.println("Shape: constructor");
    }
    public void foo() {
        System.out.println("Shape: foo");
    }
}

class Square extends Shape {
    public Square() {
        super();
    }
    public Square(String label) {
        System.out.println("Square: constructor");
    }
    public void foo() {
        super.foo();
    }
    public void foo(String label) {
        System.out.println("Square: foo");
    }
}
```



What should statement1, statement2, and statement3, be respectively, in order to produce the result?

Shape: constructor Square: foo Shape: foo




```
A) Square square = new Square("bar");
   square.foo("bar");
   square.foo();

B) Square square = new Square("bar");
   square.foo();
   square.foo("bar");

C) Square square = new Square();
   square.foo();
   square.foo("bar");

D) Square square = new Square();
   square.foo("bar");
   square.foo();

E) Square square = new Square();
   square.foo();
   square.foo();
```



A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

E. Option E

Correct Answer: D

Incorrect answers:

A: Produces Shape: constructor Square: constructor Square: foo Shape: foo

B: Produces Shape: constructor Square: constructor Square: foo Square: foo

C: Produces Shape: constructor Shape: foo Square: foo


E: Produces Shape: constructor Shape: foo Shape: foo

### QUESTION 3

Given: What is the result?



```
public class MyFor3 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] xx = null;  
        for (int ii : xx) {  
            System.out.println(ii);  
        }  
    }  
}
```




- A. Null
- B. Compilation fails
- C. An exception is thrown at runtime
- D. 0

Correct Answer: A

#### QUESTION 4

Given: What is the result?

```
public class ScopeTest {  
    int z;  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        ScopeTest myScope = new ScopeTest();  
        int z = 6;  
        System.out.println(z);  
        myScope.doStuff();  
        System.out.println(z);  
        System.out.println(myScope.z);  
    }  
    void doStuff() {  
        int z = 5;  
        doStuff2();  
        System.out.println(z);  
    }  
    void doStuff2() {  
        z = 4;  
    }  
}
```



- A. 6



B. 6

C. 6

D. 6

Correct Answer: A

Within main z is assigned 6. z is printed. Output: 6 Within doStuff z is assigned 5. DoStuff2 locally sets z to 4 (but MyScope.z is set to 4), but in Dostuff z is still 5. z is printed. Output: 5 Again z is printed within main (with local z set to 6). Output: 6 Finally MyScope.z is printed. MyScope.z has been set to 4 within doStuff2(). Output: 4

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#### QUESTION 5

```
Class StaticField {  
  
    static int i = 7;  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        StaticFied obj = new StaticField();  
  
        obj.i++;  
  
        StaticField.i++;  
  
        obj.i++;  
  
        System.out.println(StaticField.i + " " + obj.i);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

What is the result?

A. 10 10

B. 8 9

C. 9 8

D. 7 10

Correct Answer: A

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