

## 1Z0-067<sup>Q&As</sup>

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## QUESTION 1

In which situation can you use Flashback Database?

- A. when undoing a shrink data file operation
- B. when retrieving a dropped tablespace
- C. when returning to a point in time before the restoration or re-creation of a control file
- D. when returning to a point in time before the most recent open resetlogs operation

Correct Answer: D

TO BEFORE RESETLOGS Returns the database to its state including all changes up to the SCN of the most recent OPEN RESETLOGS. Note: FLASHBACK DATABASE can only return the database to a point before the most recent OPEN RESETLOGS operation if your database has been upgraded to Oracle Database 10g Release 2 or later. Reference: [http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359\\_01/backup.1111/b28273/rcmsynta023.htm#RCMRF194](http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359_01/backup.1111/b28273/rcmsynta023.htm#RCMRF194)

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## QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about RMAN duplexed backups? (Choose two.)

- A. For performing duplexed backups, the parallelism for the device must be set equal to the number of copies.
- B. It is only supported for backups to tape via media management interface.
- C. It is not supported for image copies.
- D. Duplex backups can be performed on either disk or media, but cannot be performed on media and disk simultaneously.
- E. Duplex backups can contain only data files and control files.

Correct Answer: CD

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E15586\\_01/backup.1111/e10642/rcmbckad.htm](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E15586_01/backup.1111/e10642/rcmbckad.htm)

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## QUESTION 3

Your database supports an online transaction processing (OLTP) workload in which one of the applications creates a temporary table for a session and performs transactions on it. This consumes a lot of undo tablespace and is affecting undo retention.

Which two actions would you take to solve this problem?

- A. Enable temporary undo for the database.
- B. Enable undo retention guarantee.
- C. Increase the size of the redo log buffer.

- D. Enable Automatic Memory Management (AMM).
- E. Increase the size of the temporary tablespace.

Correct Answer: AE

Reference: <http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ADMIN/undo.htm#CEGJGIAE>

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#### QUESTION 4

You issue the RMAN command:

```
RMAN> BACKUP SECTION SIZE 300M TABLESPACE users;
```

Which statement is true about the execution of the command? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. The backup succeeds only if the USERS tablespace is locally managed.
- B. RMAN uses multiplexing to perform the backup.
- C. The resulting backupset has backup pieces that cannot exceed 300 MB.
- D. RMAN always performs this type of backup in parallel.
- E. The backup set size is limited to 300 MB.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359\\_01/backup.111/b28270/rcmbckad.htm#BRADV89541](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B28359_01/backup.111/b28270/rcmbckad.htm#BRADV89541)

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#### QUESTION 5

You are administering a database that supports a data warehousing workload and is running in noarchive log mode. You use RMAN to perform a level 0 backup on Sundays and level 1 incremental backups on all the other days of the week.

One of the data files is corrupted and the current online redo log file is lost because of a media failure.

Which action must you take for recovery?

- A. Restore the data file, recover it by using the recover datafile noredo command, and use the resetlogs option to open the database.
- B. Restore the control file and all the data files, recover them by using the recover database noredo command, and use the resetlogs option to open the database.
- C. Restore all the data files, recover them by using the recover database command, and open the database.
- D. Restore all the data files, recover them by using the recover database noredo command, and use the resetlogs option to open the database.

Correct Answer: B

See Example 3-6 Recovering a NOARCHIVELOG Database STARTUP FORCE NOMOUNT; RESTORE

CONTROLFILE; # restore control file from consistent backup ALTER DATABASE MOUNT; RESTORE DATABASE; # restore data files from consistent backup RECOVER DATABASE NOREDO; # specify NOREDO because online redo logs are lost ALTER DATABASE OPEN RESETLOGS; Reference:  
<https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/RCMRF/rcmsynta2001.htm#RCMRF140>

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