

## 1Z0-052<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Database 11g: Administration Workshop I

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**QUESTION 1**

The session of user SCOTT receives the following error after executing an UPDATE command on the EMP table:

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00060: deadlock detected while waiting for resource

On investigation, you find that a session opened by user JIM has a transaction that caused the deadlock.

Which two statements are true regarding the session of SCOTT in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. The session is terminated after receiving the error and JIM can continue with his transaction.
- B. SCOTT should perform a COMMIT or ROLLBACK to allow JIM to continue with his transaction.
- C. The session is rolled back after receiving the error and JIM can continue with his transaction.
- D. SCOTT has to reexecute the last command in the transaction after he commits the transaction.

Correct Answer: BD

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**QUESTION 2**

Why does performance degrade when many UPDATE, INSERT or DELETE statements are issued on a table that has an associated bitmap index?

- A. The DML operations re-create the bitmap index blocks
- B. The bitmap index is rebuilt automatically after a DML operation
- C. The smallest amount of a bitmap that can be locked is a bitmap segment
- D. Additional time is taken to remove NULL values from the bitmap index after a DML operation

Correct Answer: C

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**QUESTION 3**

Which is true about external tables?

- A. The ORACLE\_DATAPUMP access driver can be used to load data into external tables
- B. They do not support partitioning
- C. Segments are allocated for external tables
- D. DML operations may be performed on external tables

E. They may have indexes

Correct Answer: A

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#### QUESTION 4

Which four are true about transaction, table, and row locks in an Oracle Database? (Choose four.)

- A. Transaction locks are released when that transaction executes a COMMIT statement
- B. DML statements lock modified tables in exclusive mode
- C. Transaction locks are released when that transaction executes a ROLLBACK statement
- D. DDL statements never lock the objects that they modify
- E. A table's row-level locks escalate to table locks when a majority of rows in that table are locked in exclusive mode
- F. SELECT statements are never blocked by row-level locks
- G. DML statements lock modified rows in exclusive mode

Correct Answer: BCFG

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#### QUESTION 5

Which two events always cause the LGWR to write? (Choose two.)

- A. when a checkpoint occurs
- B. when DBWn writes dirty buffers
- C. when LGWR is notified by a server process that performs a COMMIT OR ROLLBACK
- D. when a log switch occurs
- E. when PMON restarts a server process

Correct Answer: AD

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