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QUESTION 1

View the Exhibit and examine the structure of the ORDERS table.

The ORDERS table belongs to the user OE. HR is another user in the database.

Evaluate the commands issued by users OE and HR in the following order:

Statement 1 by user OE: GRANT SELECT,

UPDATE(customer_id, order_total)

ON orders

TOhr;

Statement 1 by user HR: SELECT * FROM oe.orders;

Statement 2 by user HR: UPDATE oe.orders

SET order_totah 10000;

Which statement is true regarding the above commands?

ORDERS		
Name	Null?	Type
ORDER ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (12)
ORDER DATE		DATE
CUSTOMER ID		NUMBER (6)
ORDER TOTAL		NUMBER (8, 2)

- A. Statement 1 by user OE would not work because the statement has to be issued by the DBA.
- B. Statement 2 by user HR would not work because the grant is only for SELECT in a subquery of update.
- C. There are no errors in the statements issued by OE and HR; all the statements would execute successfully.
- D. Statement 1 by user HR would not work because SELECT and UPDATE privileges have been granted only on CUSTOMER_ID and ORDER_TOTAL columns.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

The user SCOTT who is the owner of ORDERS and ORDERITEMS tables issues the following GRANT command:

GRANT ALL ON orders, order_items TO PUBLIC;

What correction needs to be done to the above statement?



- A. PUBLIC should be replaced with specific usernames.
- B. ALL should be replaced with a list of specific privileges.
- C. WITH GRANT OPTION should be added to the statement.
- D. Separate GRANT statements are required for ORDERS and ORDERJTEMS tables.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 3

Which three statements indicate the end of a transaction? (Choose three.)

- A. after a COMMIT is issued
- B. after a ROLLBACK is issued
- C. after a SAVEPOINT is issued
- D. after a SELECT statement is issued
- E. after a CREATE statement is issued

Correct Answer: ABE

QUESTION 4

View the Exhibit and examine the details of the EMPLOYEES table.

Evaluate the following SQL statements:

Statement 1:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, manager_id FROM employees
```

```
START WITH employee_id = 101 CONNECT BY PRIOR employee_id = manager_id AND manager_id != 108 ;
```

Statement 2:

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, manager_id FROM employees WHERE manager_id != 108  
START WITH employee_id = 101 CONNECT BY PRIOR employee_id = manager_id;
```

Which two statements are true regarding the above SQL statements? (Choose two.)

- A. Statement 2 would not execute because the WHERE clause condition is not allowed in a statement that has the START WITH clause.
- B. The output for statement 1 would display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 and all the employees below him or her in the hierarchy.
- C. The output of statement 1 would neither display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 nor any employee below him or her in the hierarchy.
- D. The output for statement 2 would not display the employee with MANAGER_ID 108 but it would display all the employees below him or her in the hierarchy.



Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 5

You executed the following SQL statements in the given order:

```
CREATE TABLE orders
```

```
(order_id NUMBER(3) PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
order_date DATE,
```

```
customer_id number(3));
```

```
INSERT INTO orders VALUES (100, '10-mar-2007', 222);
```

```
ALTER TABLE orders MODIFY order_date NOT NULL;
```

```
UPDATE orders SET customer_id=333;
```

```
DELETE FROM order;
```

The DELETE statement results in the following error:

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

What would be the outcome?

- A. All the statements before the DELETE statement would be rolled back.
- B. All the statements before the DELETE statement would be implicitly committed within the session.
- C. All the statements up to the ALTER TABLE statement would be committed and the outcome of UPDATE statement would be rolled back.
- D. All the statements up to the ALTER TABLE statement would be committed and the outcome of the UPDATE statement is retained uncommitted within the session.

Correct Answer: D

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