

## 1Y0-351<sup>Q&As</sup>

Citrix NetScaler 10.5 Essentials and Networking

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**QUESTION 1**

Scenario: An engineer created a new test Web Interface site for the new XenDesktop farm that the IT Department is developing. Several weeks later the engineer finds out that several people across the company have been accessing the new test site. The engineer needs to ensure that only the IT Department subnets can access the test site.

How could the engineer restrict access to the site so that only certain subnets can access this resource?

- A. Add an Extended ACL to only allow specific subnets to the Web Interface Site.
- B. Modify an existing simple ACL to allow specific subnets to the Web Interface Site.
- C. Enable USNIP Mode on the appliance to allow specific subnets to the Web Interface Site.
- D. Change the Access Method on the Web Interface Site to allow specific subnets to the Web Interface Site.

Correct Answer: A

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**QUESTION 2**

**Create TCP Profile**
✕

Name*	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Window Scaling	Factor <input type="text" value="4"/>
Maximum Burst Limit	<input type="text" value="6"/>
Initial Congestion Window Size	<input type="text" value="4"/>
TCP Delayed ACK Time-out (msec)	<input type="text" value="100"/>
Maximum ooo packet queue size	<input type="text" value="64"/>
MSS	<input type="text"/>
Maximum Packets per MSS	<input type="text"/>
Maximum Packets Per Retransmission	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Minimum RTO (in millisec)	<input type="text" value="1000"/>
Slow start increment	<input type="text" value="2"/>
TCP Buffer Size (bytes)	<input type="text" value="8190"/>
TCP Flavor*	<input type="text" value="Default"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Keep-alive probes	
Connection idle time before sending probe (secs)	<input type="text" value="900"/>
Keep-alive probe interval (secs)	<input type="text" value="75"/>
Maximum Keep-alive probes	<input type="text" value="3"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Selective Acknowledgement	
<input type="checkbox"/> Use Nagle's algorithm	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Immediate ACK on receiving packet with PUSH	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TCP SYN Cookie	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update last activity for KA probes	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dynamic Receive Buffering	

Help

Create
Close

A network engineer is investigating a recent failure of NetScaler high availability and confirms that some recent changes were made to the configuration.

What is a likely cause of the failure?

- A. Load balancing virtual server marked DOWN.
- B. SNIP has had management access removed.
- C. RPC node password changed on an appliance.

D. The network command policy has been modified.

Correct Answer: C

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### QUESTION 3

An end user is receiving authentication errors when accessing a load-balancing virtual server that uses Authentication, Authorization and Access (AAA)-TM.

Which shell command should a NetScaler Engineer execute to show AAA events in real time to help diagnose this issue?

A. tail /tmp/aaad.debug

B. cat /tmp/aaad.debug

C. grep aaa /tmp/nskrb.debug

D. egrep aaa /tmp/pitboss.debug

Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 4

Scenario: A NetScaler Engineer is configuring a NetScaler that has three interfaces. The first interface is connected to the internal network, the second interface is connected to the DMZ1 network, and the third interface is connected to the DMZ2-network.

DMZ1 and DMZ2 networks are behind different firewalls, and both firewalls are sending traffic through network address translation (NAT) to the DMZ networks.

The default route is to the gateway on the DMZ1-network.

DMZ1: 10.10.10.0/24 (Gateway: 10.10.10.1)

DMZ2: 10.20.20.0/24 (Gateway: 10.20.20.1)

Internal: 192.168.0.0/24 (Gateway: 192.168.0.1)

Internet traffic reaches the virtual servers located in DMZ1 but NOT the virtual servers located in DMZ2.

Which policy-based route (PBR) would resolve the issue?

A. add ns pbr PBR1 ALLOW -srcIP = 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 -destIP != 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 nextHop 10.10.10.1 -priority 10

B. add ns pbr PBR1 ALLOW -srcIP != 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 -destIP = 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 nextHop 10.20.20.1 -priority 10

C. add ns pbr PBR1 ALLOW -srcIP = 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 -destIP != 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 nextHop 10.20.20.1 -priority 10

D. add ns pbr PBR1 ALLOW -srcIP != 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 -destIP != 10.20.20.0-10.20.20.255 nextHop 10.10.10.1 -priority 10

Correct Answer: C

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## QUESTION 5

Scenario: The marketing department would like a short URL to use for a product launch that will redirect users to the product information page on the company's website.

The marketing URL they require is <http://www.turboappliances.com/prima>. It should redirect the user to <http://www.turboappliances.com/products/solutions/primaversion1234.html>.

Which NetScaler command should a NetScaler Engineer run in order to meet the requirements of the scenario?

- A. add responder action MarketingURL redirect "\http://www.turboappliances.com/products/solutions/primaversion1234.html"
- B. add rewrite action MarketingURL4 replace\_http\_res "\http:// www.turboappliances.com/products/solutions/primaversion1234.html"
- C. add rewrite action MarketingURL1 insert\_http\_header Location "\http:// www.turboappliances.com/products/solutions/primaversion1234.html"
- D. add transform action MarketingURL2 -priority 100 -reqUrlFrom www.turboappliances.com/ reqUrlInto "\http://www.turboappliances.com/products/solutions/primaversion1234.html"

Correct Answer: A

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